

27-249

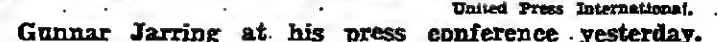
Police announcement said
men were deployed in hotel
rooms throughout the building
at the time the cache was
found and the time that the
suspect showed up, several hours
before there was no indication what the
men were intended for, or
where they were destined.

The Hilton Hotel is situated on
Marylebone Lane in London's West End,
just north of the posh Mayfair district. Dur-
ing the operation the police asked
the hotel not to release the story
until the detectives had had a
chance to wait for the suspects to

the Roman government's evasive attitude in the last few weeks had been caused by apprehension that the Washington might take offense at the plans for a project that Henry Ford of the Ford Motor Co. sought to carry out for the Russians earlier this year. According to reports, Mr. Ford withdrew his offer to build the truck plant because of pressure from the Pentagon.

the Roman Catholic mission in
China last month, arriving at
atrida Fitemaurice, of Canton,
who, chief surgeon at the hospital
where Bishop Walsh recuperated.

Police sources had said they were being held as nationals of a country at war with Israel.



weight behind the peace efforts, his followers in this generally moderate Arab land had supported the commando movement as an expression of their Arab nationalist fervor.

Bishop Walsh was helped down the airliner steps by airline em-



Patricia Fitzmaurice, of Canton, Ohio, chief surgeon at the hospital where Bishop Walsh recuperated. Maryknoll sources said the bishop was alert and seemed mentally unaffected by his imprisonment in

pression of their Arab nationalist server.	were being held as nationals of a country at war with Israel
But the prospect of peace has	But according to today's con-

was carried off from an Israeli northern frontier village on New Year's Day and is believed held in

According to Bonn Aide

Soviet Seen Making New Bid On Berlin at Big-Four Talks

By Chalmers M. Roberts

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24 (WP).—The Soviet Union is prepared to make a new proposal on the Berlin issue, according to word brought to Washington last week by Egon Bahr, West German Chancellor Willy Brandt's right-hand man, who did the spade work for the recent Bonn-Moscow pact.

The expectation is that when the Big Four (the United States, the Soviet Union, France and Britain) resume their Berlin talks next month, the Russians will seek an agreement, since Mr. Brandt has said that only after such an agreement will he ask the Bundestag to ratify the treaty with Moscow.

This new Communist movement in Europe will reach a crucial point, Berlin, isolated geographically 110 miles on the far side of the Iron Curtain and split in half by the Berlin wall, has been the flashpoint of East-West conflict since the onset of the cold war.

The task of reaching a four-power agreement, however, is monumental. The Soviet Union and the three Western powers have diametrically opposite views about the city's status. While the West is prepared to trim its terms a bit, only a major Soviet switch seems likely to produce agreement.

Open Way for Detente
Only an agreement can bring the Bonn-Moscow pact into being and open the way for the European security conference that Moscow and its Warsaw Pact allies once again last week called for. They want it "in the nearest future."

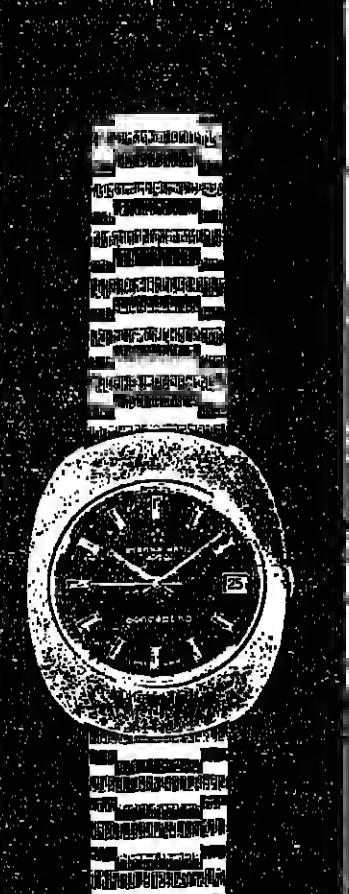
Mr. Brandt has said he discussed Berlin while talking to Soviet Communist party boss Leonid I. Brezhnev and Premier

Narcotics Suspect Identified as Priest

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24 (AP).—The U.S. Customs Bureau reported today that a man it identified as a Roman Catholic priest was arrested at Dulles International Airport here with drugs worth more than \$14,000 taped to his body. The bureau listed him as the Rev. Joseph Albert Amormino, of Burbank, Calif.

Customs Commissioner Myles J. Ambrose said the suspect was searched by inspectors at Dulles after his arrival on an Air France flight from Paris, via Philadelphia, last evening. Mr. Ambrose said the inspectors found 9.5 pounds of hashish taped to his body—on his chest, thighs and calves. He was wearing religious garb.

ETERNAMATIC concept 80



Observe the case and dial of "concept 80". In design, in elegance of line, here is the timepiece of the future. Look inside "concept 80". In the perfect precision, the well-established quality and excellence of the "Eternamatic" self-wind ball-bearing movement, here is a watch with a superb tradition!

Electra Ltd., Precision Watch Factory, 2540 Grenchen, Switzerland

Ho-Ho-Ho... School Is Out

DAR ES SALAAM, Aug. 24 (AP).—An outbreak of mass hysteria which reduced the entire population of a girls' school at Kishasha, central Tanzania, to laughter or tears has led to closing of the school for ten days.

Authorities decided to close the school after paying a visit and finding the school in chaos with fresh outbreaks of laughter being triggered every time the chorus seemed about to subside.

Such outbreaks are not uncommon, particularly in areas near Tanzania's lakes and frequently affect several schools at a time.

Israel Says Egypt Still Builds Sites

Mrs. Meir Hints Cairo Mutilates Prisoners

TEL AVIV, Aug. 24 (UPI).—The Egyptians, with Soviet backing, were still constructing missile sites inside the Suez Canal standstill zone in violation of the cease-fire, an Israeli military source said today.

The source said this was the basis for the fifth complaint Israel made to the United Nations Truce Supervision Organization headquarters in Jerusalem. The complaint was made last night.

A Foreign Ministry spokesman confirmed that a copy of the complaint had also been forwarded to the U.S. government.

The spokesman said he could not, at the moment, confirm reports which appeared in the afternoon newspaper Maariv today that the United States had confirmed Israel's complaints about cease-fire violations.

Maariv, in a Washington report, said the United States had confirmed from its own aerial surveillance the Egyptians had broken the standstill.

Continuing Construction
The military source said since Aug. 16, Israel had observed continuing construction work on missile sites within 18 miles of the canal, although no actual missiles had been moved in.

The source said some of the construction was earthworks but others were hardened concrete sites. "The new constructions began after Aug. 16," the source said. "No missiles have been moved into the new launching pads, yet. But they could be moved in at any time," he said.

The source refused to comment on his Foreign Ministry made at the closing dinner of the Israeli Bonds 20th anniversary conference yesterday that Israeli pilots in captivity in Egypt had been medically mutilated to make them talk.

Story to Be Told
In her speech, Mrs. Meir said, "The treatment of our prisoners... That story has not yet been told."

"The pilots... are operated upon once, and twice and three times and refuse to take medications for fear that maybe they will say something so that they go through the most terrible sufferings in order to safeguard their secrets, which are the secrets of the safety of Israel."

"I have no comment to make on the premier's statement," the source said.

Talks Today On Mideast

(Continued from Page 1)

Sharaf, because the permanent representative, Mohammed H. el-Farra is presently in Jordan.

According to Arab sources here, Mr. el-Farra's absence is deliberate, because he was born in Khan Yunis, a Palestinian town that is near Gaza and now under Israeli rule. He would therefore be in an especially delicate position in negotiations directly involving Israel. His own mission would not discuss this topic.

Mr. Farrar noted that Israel had already named its foreign minister, Abba Eban, as chief delegate, but mentioned that Mr. Tekoa was acting as alternate, and that if the other foreign ministers came here for the General Assembly that opens Sept. 15, "of course, I would be seeing all of them."

Asked whether he thought it would be necessary to extend the cease-fire beyond its original guarantee of 30 days, Mr. Farrar said extension would make him happy, but "I would be even more happy if we had found the solution before the end of the cease-fire."

He refused to make any kind of estimate of the time needed for a peace settlement.

Egypt: Cautious Hope
CAIRO, Aug. 24 (Reuters).—Egypt expressed cautious hope for the outcome of peace contacts with Israel through Mr. Farrar but said the main requirement remained Israel's acceptance of a total withdrawal from all occupied Arab territories.

Commenting on the announcement of the opening of contacts tomorrow, government spokesman Ahmed Anis told reporters that without this Israeli commitment prospects of long-term progress of the talks were doubtful.

"The fact that Israel did eventually appoint its delegates to Mr. Farrar's talks has enabled his mission to get off the ground," he said.

Caradon to Oppose Execution of a 'Spy'
LONDON, Aug. 24 (Reuters).—Lord Caradon, former British UN delegate, said last night that he will fly to Seoul tomorrow, in a bid to save a South Korean from execution as a North Korean spy.

The Korean, No-Su Pak, 36, who studied law at Cambridge University for seven years before returning to South Korea last year, is due to be executed at the end of this month. Lord Caradon will appeal for No-Su Pak to be reprieved "on humanitarian grounds."

White House Denies Leaking Story on Tydings
SAN CLEMENTE, Calif., Aug. 24 (UPI).—The White House emphatically denied any involvement with a Life magazine article accusing Sen. Joseph D. Tydings, D-Md., of having obtained a government loan to enhance stock value of a Florida-based company.

Sen. Tydings had accused presidential assistant Peter Flanigan and Daniel Hoegren, a former White House aide, of having leaked the information to the magazine.

White House press secretary Ron Ziegler said he discussed the matter with Mr. Flanigan, who denied any involvement in the published article. Mr. Ziegler said he is also "quite sure and almost positive" Mr. Hoegren was not the source.

The State Department said Friday the Agency for International Development was investigating charges that Sen. Tydings visited an AID official seeking a \$7 million loan for the Nicaragua operations of Charter Co. of Jacksonville, Fla. The loan was approved. Life said Sen. Tydings had a joint interest in the company.



HUSSEIN'S FAMILY—Princess Muna, 29, British-born wife of King Hussein of Jordan, carrying one of her two-year-old twin daughters as she returned to London Sunday night after a "secret" two-week holiday with her four children in Cornwall. The royal family stayed in a coastal hotel with a private beach and registered under the name "Cook" for security reasons. The children are the daughters, Zein and Aicha, and two sons, Abdullah (right), eight, and Faisal, six. The boys re-enter their English school in September.

Associated Press

Castro Warns Of Retaliation in Event of Attack

MIAMI, Aug. 24 (AP).—Premier Fidel Castro warned yesterday that any country organizing acts of war against Cuba "will have to suffer the consequences," including counterattacks.

He said "the imperialists are making plans with their satellites of Central America, Nicaragua and Costa Rica" to attack Cuba.

"We will take the war to the territory of whatever country lends itself to organizing invasions against us," he asserted.

In a nationwide radio and television speech monitored in Miami, he said: "I think it is best to clarify the rules of the game and that they be known to our people and to our enemies." He indicated that he would have the full support of the Soviet Union in putting down any invasion attempt against Cuba.

Mr. Castro issued his warning after recounting news stories that quoted former U.S. Sen. George Smathers, a Florida Democrat, as saying he discussed plans to assassinate Castro with former President John F. Kennedy in 1960.

Tupamaros Say 2 Kidnapped Men Are Alive, Well
MONTEVIDEO, Uruguay, Aug. 24 (Reuters).—A guerrilla organization announced today that a kidnapped Argentine agricultural expert and a Brazilian diplomat were alive and well, but apparently threatened further abductions of United States aid officials.

In their first communiqué in two weeks, the Tupamaros guerrillas also said cryptically that "sentence will not be passed" on U.S. aid official Claude Fly, 65, and Brazilian diplomat Aloysio Dias Goulart, 41, while jailed guerrillas remained in police hands.

The guerrillas did not make clear what they meant by "sentence."

Although they said Mr. Goulart and Mr. Fly were well, the Tupamaros added that their executive command had ordered guerrillas guarding the pair to execute them if police and troops find their hiding place.

At the same time the guerrillas said, without further explanation: "The executive command has ordered the start of repressive acts against oligarchy in the government, the repressive forces, and American advisers."

The airline refused to say whether it had paid the ransom—as Western Air Lines did earlier this month in the face of a similar threat.

The plane had been in the air an hour when an anonymous caller telephoned to say a bomb would explode at 11 a.m. if the ransom were not paid. The plane landed here an hour and a half after the caller said the bomb would go off.

Pacific Flight Recalled by Threat
SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 24 (UPI).—A Pan American World Airways 707 with 148 persons aboard en route to Honolulu returned safely to San Francisco today after an anonymous caller warned there was a bomb aboard and demanded \$100,000 ransom.

The airline refused to say whether it had paid the ransom—as Western Air Lines did earlier this month in the face of a similar threat.

The plane had been in the air an hour when an anonymous caller telephoned to say a bomb would explode at 11 a.m. if the ransom were not paid. The plane landed here an hour and a half after the caller said the bomb would go off.

White House Denies Leaking Story on Tydings
SAN CLEMENTE, Calif., Aug. 24 (UPI).—The White House emphatically denied any involvement with a Life magazine article accusing Sen. Joseph D. Tydings, D-Md., of having obtained a government loan to enhance stock value of a Florida-based company.

Sen. Tydings had accused presidential assistant Peter Flanigan and Daniel Hoegren, a former White House aide, of having leaked the information to the magazine.

White House press secretary Ron Ziegler said he discussed the matter with Mr. Flanigan, who denied any involvement in the published article. Mr. Ziegler said he is also "quite sure and almost positive" Mr. Hoegren was not the source.

The State Department said Friday the Agency for International Development was investigating charges that Sen. Tydings visited an AID official seeking a \$7 million loan for the Nicaragua operations of Charter Co. of Jacksonville, Fla. The loan was approved. Life said Sen. Tydings had a joint interest in the company.

Caradon to Oppose Execution of a 'Spy'
LONDON, Aug. 24 (Reuters).—Lord Caradon, former British UN delegate, said last night that he will fly to Seoul tomorrow, in a bid to save a South Korean from execution as a North Korean spy.

The Korean, No-Su Pak, 36, who studied law at Cambridge University for seven years before returning to South Korea last year, is due to be executed at the end of this month. Lord Caradon will appeal for No-Su Pak to be reprieved "on humanitarian grounds."

White House Denies Leaking Story on Tydings
SAN CLEMENTE, Calif., Aug. 24 (UPI).—The White House emphatically denied any involvement with a Life magazine article accusing Sen. Joseph D. Tydings, D-Md., of having obtained a government loan to enhance stock value of a Florida-based company.

Sen. Tydings had accused presidential assistant Peter Flanigan and Daniel Hoegren, a former White House aide, of having leaked the information to the magazine.

White House press secretary Ron Ziegler said he discussed the matter with Mr. Flanigan, who denied any involvement in the published article. Mr. Ziegler said he is also "quite sure and almost positive" Mr. Hoegren was not the source.

The State Department said Friday the Agency for International Development was investigating charges that Sen. Tydings visited an AID official seeking a \$7 million loan for the Nicaragua operations of Charter Co. of Jacksonville, Fla. The loan was approved. Life said Sen. Tydings had a joint interest in the company.

Caradon to Oppose Execution of a 'Spy'
LONDON, Aug. 24 (Reuters).—Lord Caradon, former British UN delegate, said last night that he will fly to Seoul tomorrow, in a bid to save a South Korean from execution as a North Korean spy.

The Korean, No-Su Pak, 36, who studied law at Cambridge University for seven years before returning to South Korea last year, is due to be executed at the end of this month. Lord Caradon will appeal for No-Su Pak to be reprieved "on humanitarian grounds."

White House Denies Leaking Story on Tydings
SAN CLEMENTE, Calif., Aug. 24 (UPI).—The White House emphatically denied any involvement with a Life magazine article accusing Sen. Joseph D. Tydings, D-Md., of having obtained a government loan to enhance stock value of a Florida-based company.

Sen. Tydings had accused presidential assistant Peter Flanigan and Daniel Hoegren, a former White House aide, of having leaked the information to the magazine.

White House press secretary Ron Ziegler said he discussed the matter with Mr. Flanigan, who denied any involvement in the published article. Mr. Ziegler said he is also "quite sure and almost positive" Mr. Hoegren was not the source.

The State Department said Friday the Agency for International Development was investigating charges that Sen. Tydings visited an AID official seeking a \$7 million loan for the Nicaragua operations of Charter Co. of Jacksonville, Fla. The loan was approved. Life said Sen. Tydings had a joint interest in the company.

B-52s Hammer Red Bases To Stymie Buildup on DM

SAIGON, Aug. 24 (AP).—U.S. B-52 bombers struck today along the northern edge of South Vietnam with six raids on North Vietnamese positions one mile below the Demilitarized Zone and 20 miles or less from the border of Laos.

The aerial blows were aimed at smothering what seemed to be a North Vietnamese buildup for attacks against allied northern bases.

These mountain-top strongpoints form a protective screen for the many hamlets and cities along the coastal lowlands in the northern part of the country.

The six B-52 raids blasted at North Vietnamese staging areas and camps to the west of Firebase Fuller.

A seventh B-52 raid hit to the south of Firebase O'Reilly, another of the dozen allied forward bases and one that has come under re-

peated Communist fire in weeks. An eighth mission near the Cambodian border, miles northeast of Saigon.

Firebase Fuller was hit until last spring, when U.S. pulled out after a 43-day siege. Little more than a week as base came under an attack inflicted heavy casualties.

Fuller is one of more than a dozen allied artillery bases positioned to form a screen North Vietnamese infiltrate Laos into the populated lowlands of South Vietnam.

Ground action in both Vietnam and Cambodia was quiet, as light with only skirmishes reported during 24 hours.

U.S. headquarters around Army helicopter was shot down ground fire yesterday 20 southwest of Da Nang and 20 Americans aboard were killed three wounded.

National Front Report
HONG KONG, Aug. 24 (AP).—The Cambodian National Front has reported that its have "completely liberated" two-thirds of Cambodia, a population of 2.8 million. The total population of Cambodia is estimated at 5,729,000.

The agency said the report submitted by Penn Nouth, a Cambodian government exile, at a two-day meeting from the Central Committee last.

The meeting, believed to be held in Peking, approved appointment of Defense Minister Sam Rainsy as vice-premier to the government.

Agnew Give Korean Pl

(Continued from Page 1)

equipment but is not prepared to say how soon it can be done, have been attempting to get agreement on the precise amount needed on the assist.

The Vice-President said the United States has confidence in the Korean government, and officials here "maintain a faith in us."

"For however they are by friend or foe, American known," he said, "as men who their promises and who their commitments as bind."

Higher Priorities
American sources added, ever, that Mr. Agnew would the Koreans that the United States would have to weigh Korean against other defense requirements of higher priority, particularly those in South Vietnam.

The sources said the U.S. States agrees with the Koreans that there still is a three-North Korean hostility, but added that "there is some disagreement about the 'virulence' of the threat."

The Koreans, apparently, are to the determination of United States to pull out the troops, largely for economic reasons, are asking that no troop cuts be made, at least 1976, when they feel they will completed their attempt to strengthen their economy.

But the American source that no such guarantee granted and that there will be to be "periodic assessment" need to retain a large American combat force here.

U.S. Sailor to Be Tried for Sabotage
SAN DIEGO, Calif., Aug. 24 (UPI).—An 18-year-old Navy apprentice fireman has been ordered to face a general court-martial charge of having sabotaged destroyer Richard B. Anderson.

William F. Pasamore is a 10-year-old sailor, born of a having placed units, both other objects into the gear destroyer shortly after it left San Diego for duty off Vietnam.

The objects jammed the propulsion gear and stopped the propeller from turning. The required repairs costing \$2

Motions in Calley Case
FT. BENNING, Ga., Aug. 24 (UPI).—Defense attorneys for 1st Lt. William L. Calley Jr. today raised motions dealing with "national security" they hoped would bring to light key prosecution testimony concerning the alleged massacre of civilians in the South Vietnamese hamlet of My Lai-4.

Civilian attorney George W. Latimer said he hoped that the military judge, Col. Robert W. Kennedy, would force a declassification of certain information dealing with the alleged murders.

1st Lt. Calley, 27, a former platoon leader in Vietnam when the incident allegedly occurred in March 1968, is charged with premeditated murder in the deaths of 193 men, women and children.

Mr. Latimer said the documents he sought access to at a closed door hearing probably would include some CIA records, orders, and information acquired through secret channels. He said the nature of the documents was the reason this pretrial hearing was to be held in secret.

My Lai Witness Is in Sweden, Asking Asylum
STOCKHOLM, Aug. 24 (UPI).—A principal witness in the forthcoming court-martial of 1st Lt. William L. Calley on charges of having murdered more than 100 civilians at My Lai, South Vietnam, is in Sweden, a Stockholm newspaper disclosed yesterday.

The witness is Sgt. Chick Cunningham, 39, who was Lt. Calley's immediate subordinate in South Vietnam, Aftonbladet said.

According to the article, Sgt. Cunningham arrived in Sweden about three weeks ago after he had left his Army camp without permission. He has applied for permission to stay in Sweden and his case is pending.

"I came here to forget. Calley is a sick man, he is absolutely mad. I hope he will be shot dead as a mad dog," the newspaper quoted Sgt. Cunningham.

White House Denies Leaking Story on Tydings
SAN CLEMENTE, Calif., Aug. 24 (UPI).—The White House emphatically denied any involvement with a Life magazine article accusing Sen. Joseph D. Tydings, D-Md., of having obtained a government loan to enhance stock value of a Florida-based company.

Sen. Tydings had accused presidential assistant Peter Flanigan and Daniel Hoegren, a former White House aide, of having leaked the information to the magazine.

White House press secretary Ron Ziegler said he discussed the matter with Mr. Flanigan, who denied any involvement in the published article. Mr. Ziegler said he is also "quite sure and almost positive" Mr. Hoegren was not the source.

The State Department said Friday the Agency for International Development was investigating charges that Sen. Tydings visited an AID official seeking a \$7 million loan for the Nicaragua operations of Charter Co. of Jacksonville, Fla. The loan was approved. Life said Sen. Tydings had a joint interest in the company.

Caradon to Oppose Execution of a 'Spy'
LONDON, Aug. 24 (Reuters).—Lord Caradon, former British UN delegate, said last night that he will fly to Seoul tomorrow, in a bid to save a South Korean from execution as a North Korean spy.

The Korean, No-Su Pak, 36, who studied law at Cambridge University for seven years before returning to South Korea last year, is due to be executed at the end of this month. Lord Caradon will appeal for No-Su Pak to be reprieved "on humanitarian grounds."

White House Denies Leaking Story on Tydings
SAN CLEMENTE, Calif., Aug. 24 (UPI).—The White House emphatically denied any involvement with a Life magazine article accusing Sen. Joseph D. Tydings, D-Md., of having obtained a government loan to enhance stock value of a Florida-based company.

Sen. Tydings had accused presidential assistant Peter Flanigan and Daniel Hoegren, a former White House aide, of having leaked the information to the magazine.

White House press secretary Ron Ziegler said he discussed the matter with Mr. Flanigan, who denied any involvement in the published article. Mr. Ziegler said he is also "quite sure and almost positive" Mr. Hoegren was not the source.

The State Department said Friday the Agency for International Development was investigating charges that Sen. Tydings visited an AID official seeking a \$7 million loan for the Nicaragua operations of Charter Co. of Jacksonville, Fla. The loan was approved. Life said Sen. Tydings had a joint interest in the company.

WEATHER

	C	F
ALBUQUERQUE	28	79
ANCHORAGE	28	79
ANKARA	59	89
ATHENS	30	86
BELGRADE	29	84
BELMONT	18	65
BIRMINGHAM	22	72
BOSTON	21	70
BRAZILIA	22	72
BUEENES	21	70
BUDAPEST	16	61
CAIRO	34	93
CASABLANCA	24	75
CHICAGO	20	68
COLUMBIA	21	70
COPENHAGEN	20	68
DALLAS	27	81
DENVER	18	64
DUBLIN	18	64
EDINBURGH	12	54
FLORENCE	22	72
FRANKFURT	21	70
GENEVA	18	64
Helsinki	18	64
ISTANBUL	28	82
JAKARTA	25	77
LAS PALMAS	26	79
LISBON	25	77
LONDON	17	63
LYON	22	72
MILAN	22	72
MONTREAL	16	61
MOSCOW	27	81
MUNICH	13	56
NEW YORK	23	73
NICE	24	75
OSLO	21	70
PARIS	19	66
PRAGUE	16	61
ROME	25	77
SOFIA	24	75
STOCKHOLM	16	61
TEL AVIV	33	91
TOKYO	28	82
VIENNA	18	64
WARSAW	21	70
ZURICH	13	56

(F) = Canadian temperatures at 1700 GMT, others at 1200 GMT.

Ark., Alaska Governors in Primary Test

Their Races Are
Spotlighted Today

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24 (AP).—Gov. Keith Miller of Alaska faces a tough GOP re-election battle with Rep. Howard Pollock in tomorrow's primaries. And there's a scramble for the governorship in Arkansas, with a Negro in the Republican field against Gov. Winthrop Rockefeller.

These races highlight the primary day, with Gov. Dewey F. Bartlett of Oklahoma seeking re-election without GOP opposition and four Democrats vying to run against him.

The only Senate seat involved is that of Sen. Ted Stevens, 46-year-old Alaska Republican, who faces nominal opposition from Fritz Singer, a political unknown. Two well-known state legislators, Sen. Joe Josephson, 36, and Rep. Wendell P. Kay, 36, both of Anchorage, are seeking the Democratic nomination.

The key House race is also in Alaska, with three Republicans and one Democrat seeking to succeed Rep. Pollock, who gave up his House seat to run for governor. The lively Alaska election also has on the ballot five referendum issues, including lowering the voting age from 19 to 18 and eliminating a knowledge of English as a prerequisite for voting.

Miller Has Troubles
Alaska's Democratic gubernatorial primary has four candidates, led by former Gov. William A. Egan, 55, and Anchorage supermarket chain owner Larry Carr, 40. Egan is in the field as a perennial candidate. Mildred Meiers Hansen, of Juneau, and James Russell of Fairbanks.

Gov. Miller has run into trouble not only with his state's Democratic-controlled House but with some of his own party over development of Alaska's oil reserves. Rep. Pollock says he is running because Gov. Miller can't win.

The Arkansas gubernatorial battle focuses on former Gov. Orval Faubus' comeback bid for a seventh term against seven opponents in the Democratic primary. Mr. Faubus, 60, is the acknowledged leader but says he does not believe he can escape a runoff Sept. 8.

Gov. Rockefeller, 58, seeking a third two-year term, is expected to win the GOP primary and has campaigned little against his three primary opponents, all political unknowns.

The three, all former Democrats, are Lester Gibbs, former radio evangelist James K. "Uncle Mac" Macmillan, who ran third in the 1968 Democratic primary, and J. Hampton, first black to run for governor in Arkansas since 1920.

Wealth Made Issue
Mr. Hampton, 34-year-old African Methodist Episcopal minister who resigned as pastor of Little Rock's Shorter College to campaign, says Gov. Rockefeller has dropped "large sums of money" in black communities, "undermining the morale, the morals of my people with the lure of money."

Mr. Faubus has made Gov. Rockefeller and his wealth a chief issue. He said one of the great concerns of the voters is school desegregation and school busing.

Three other Democratic aspirants, former State Rep. Bill Wells, businessman W. S. Cheek and lawyer Bob Compton, have bitterly assailed busing and attacked the courts.

Others in the field against Mr. Faubus are Attorney General Joe Purcell, 46; House Speaker Hayes C. McClellan, 38; Charleston lawyer Dale Summers, 44, and a Lonoke farmer, J. M. Malone Jr.

Bartlett Seeks Re-election
In Oklahoma, Gov. Bartlett is seeking a second four-year term as the first beneficiary of a constitutional amendment removing the one-term limit on governors.

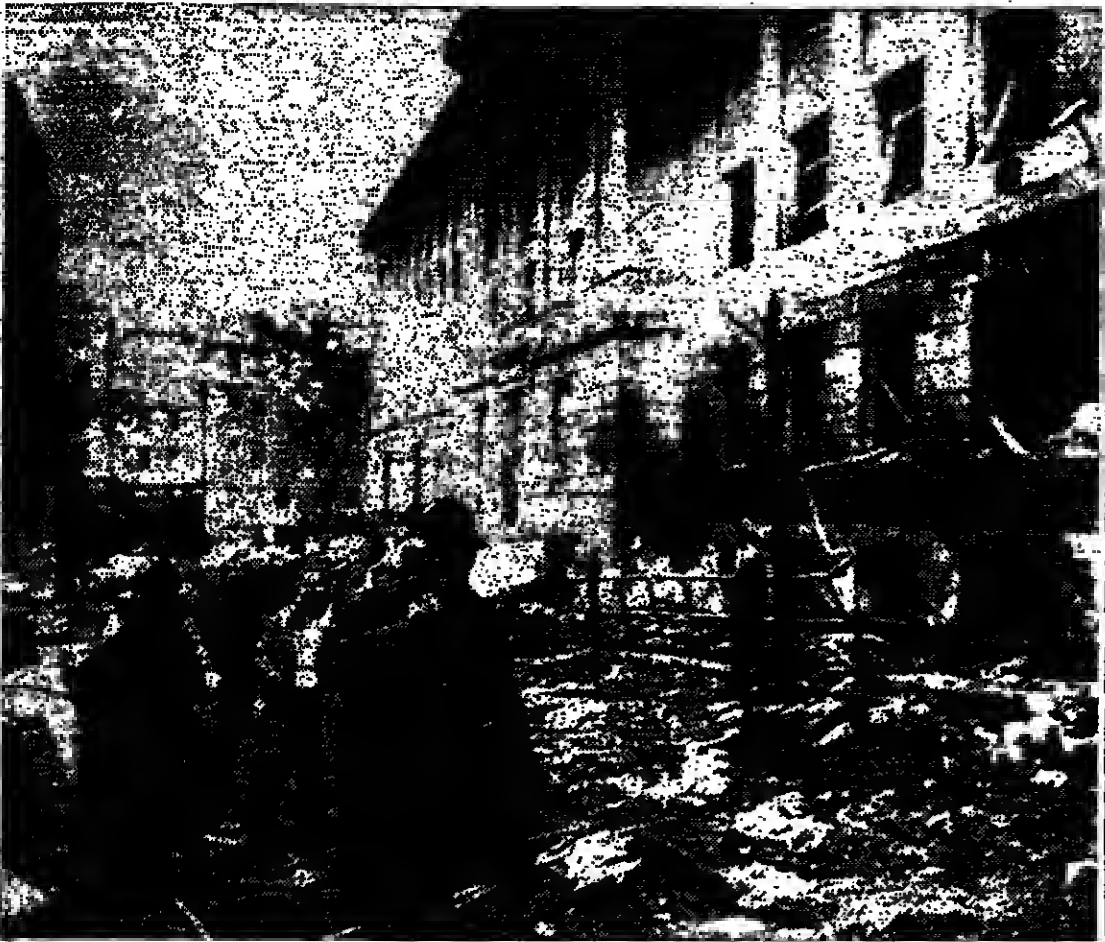
The four seeking to oppose him are former State Sen. David Kell, 33, a Tulsa lawyer; former Oklahoma Public Service Commissioner "Cannon," 45, an Edmond lawyer; State Sen. Bryce Baggett, 38, of Oklahoma City; and former U.S. Rep. Wilbur Cartwright, now an Oklahoma corporation commissioner.

Mr. Kell is favored to win, possibly without a runoff. Sept. 15, but Mr. Baggett, a late entry in the race, has been gaining.

Salinas Valley
Struck by Chavez
SALINAS, Calif., Aug. 24 (Reuters).—Farm workers went on strike today in the Salinas Valley to force vegetable growers to recognize their union. The valley produces more than \$50 million worth of lettuce a year.

The farm union's Mexican-American founder, Cesar Chavez, who has just led his members to victory in a bitter, long-drawn-out California grape dispute, said he hoped the strike would halt shipments of all vegetables from the area, where harvesting has begun.

Mr. Chavez wants the growers to renounce a recent agreement they signed with the Teamsters Union and to sign a new one with the United Farm Workers Organizing Committee.



BOMB ATTACK—Firemen stand outside a University of Wisconsin electronics equipment building that was heavily damaged by an explosion yesterday, one man died.

Cardinal Cushing, 75, Says He Has No Plan to Retire

BOSTON, Aug. 24 (AP).—Richard Cardinal Cushing, who observes his 75th birthday today, said "I know nothing about retirement."

Earlier he had said he would retire on his 75th birthday, but now he says, "Retirement is up to Rome. I have no say about it. Some submit resignations; but I haven't given it any thought."

He said yesterday in a telephone interview that he was ailing but declined to disclose the nature of his illness.

For Unfiltered Messages

Nixon Skirting Press Corps In Capital to Reach Public

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24 (NYT).—The Nixon administration has come up with a new strategy for getting its policies across to the American public: reaching out to metropolitan newspaper editors and regional television executives throughout the land.

In football parlance, the Nixon administration has made an end-run around the Washington press corps and the "Eastern establishment" press that Vice-President Spiro T. Agnew has acridly criticized.

The strategy, devised by Herbert Klein, the President's director of communications, includes:

- Top-level briefings for news executives that are led by the President himself and include senior members of the administration such as Henry A. Kissinger, the President's assistant for national security affairs.

- Briefings on legislative proposals for reporters around the country by administration teams.
- Special mailings to editorial writers, radio and TV station news managers, and writers who focus on particular fields such as pollution.

- Direct appeals to the public through presidential television addresses or televised news conferences that the President can control.

- A minimum of presidential contacts with the White House press corps, and those almost always in formal meetings.

Mr. Klein said that his plan intended "no reflection on the Washington press corps, which has to follow things minute by minute. We're looking at the long range

Coroner Describes Wounds Of Victims in Tate Murders

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 24 (AP).—Police officers Abigail Folger was stabbed 28 times during the Sharon Tate murders and her wounds indicated she tried vigorously to fight off her killer, the coroner said today.

Dr. Thomas Noguchi testified that Miss Folger's arms and hands showed "defense wounds" indicating she was "trying to guard herself from further injury."

Miss Folger was one of four victims to Miss Tate's home slain with the actress in August, 1969. Charles M. Manson and three of his followers are on trial.

Another victim, Hollywood hair stylist Jay Sebring, died to death after being stabbed seven times and shot once, Dr. Noguchi said. Mr. Sebring's body was found in the living room of the Tate mansion, with a rope around his neck, looped over a beam, and tied to Miss Tate's neck. He was once engaged to Miss Tate, the wife of film director Roman Polanski.

"I would say at least three stab wounds would be fatal," Dr. Noguchi said of Mr. Sebring.

Earlier today, the judge ruled that Manson was not being hanged in a hurry.

"I've considered all of the evidence," said Dr. personally

Army Research Center Is Target

Blast, Believed Bomb, Kills 1 At University of Wisconsin

MADISON, Wis., Aug. 24 (WP).—Federal law enforcement agencies have taken over the investigation of a powerful explosion which virtually destroyed the controversial Army Mathematics Research Center on the University of Wisconsin campus today, killing one person and injuring at least four others.

The explosion, preceded by two minutes by an anonymous telephone warning to Madison police, gutted the building that has been a target

for anti-war demonstrators because of alleged secret research for the military.

The dead man was identified as Robert Fasnacht, 33, a postdoctoral researcher in the physics department, which shares the building with the math center in the heart of the campus.

The explosion occurred at 3:42 a.m. while Madison police were notifying university police forces. A Madison police dispatcher had been warned:

"Hey pig. There's a bomb in the math research building on the university campus. Clear the building."

First Two Floors
The bomb wrecked the first two floors and left the remaining four damaged but still intact. A \$1.5 million computer in the center was destroyed.

Windows were shattered throughout a six-block area, and trees were uprooted and cars destroyed immediately around the building.

The site was cordoned off by police, who cited possible radiation leaks from physics laboratories and a nuclear accelerator buried beneath the math center.

The center, which occupied a six-story wing of Sterling Hall, the physics department building, was operated under a contract with the U.S. Army.

Center officials have maintained that they do no secret research now and that their interests are widespread. Activists have demanded the removal of the facility because they contend it does missile and ballistics research and orbit calculations, among other projects, for the military.

3 Campus Targets
It is one of three campus targets for activists. The others are the ROTC program and the Land Tenure Center, which does Latin American studies.

The ROTC offices were seriously damaged by firebombs early in the current 18-month bombing wave. Generally linked to such attacks have been the aerial bombing raid of an Army ammunition plant about 40 miles from Madison, bombings of Reserve and National Guard armories, and firebombings of campus administrative offices.

Stephen T. Boyle, administrative assistant to Gov. Warren P. Knowles, said that the federal forces were running the investigation because of the federal connections of both the math center and the physics department.

Called Revolution
State Attorney General Robert Warren said that the bombing marked "the beginnings of an outright revolution."

Intelligence reports indicate that radicals at the university intend to move away from mass protests and toward bombing and terror at the school this fall, he said.

Mr. Warren and police officials refused to comment on any possible leads in the case. Mr. Warren said that the Atomic Energy Commission is "concerned" about possible radiation dangers but hospital spokesmen said that checks have been made of persons who were in the area and no radiation dangers have been found.

The four injured were not seriously hurt.

Mr. Fasnacht was married and the father of three. His widow said he was working all night to finish experiments before leaving on a vacation.

'Roosevelt's Church' in Washington Burns
WASHINGTON, Aug. 24 (AP).—The St. Thomas Episcopal Church—once known as "President Franklin D. Roosevelt's church"—was swept yesterday by a fire that authorities described as suspicious. Only the walls and roof of the 57-year-old structure remained standing.

Police said that several children were seen running from the area, and that the blaze might have been started during a burglary attempt.

LSD Found on Manson
LOS ANGELES, Aug. 24 (Reuters).—Prison security for Manson was tightened after authorities discovered part of an LSD pill on him, it was learned today.

Capt. James Kline, commander of the jail where Manson is imprisoned, said the drug was discovered after Manson had visitors.

In Detailed Study of U.S. 50% Cut in Cities' Air Pollution Seen Adding 3-5 Years to Life

By Victor Cohn

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24 (WP).—If air pollution were cut by 50 percent in major U.S. cities, a newborn baby would have an additional three to five years' life expectancy.

Deaths from lung cancer—and in fact all lung disease—would be cut by 25 percent.

Death and disease from heart and blood vessel disorders might be cut by 10 to 15 percent.

All disease and death would be reduced by 4.5 percent yearly, and the annual saving to the nation would be at least \$3 billion.

These calculations of the human price of dirty air—based on existing medical knowledge—have been made by two economists at the Carnegie-Mellon School of Industrial Administration in Pittsburgh.

They were presented before a pollution symposium in Washington last week. They also appear as the lead article in the current issue of Science Weekly, a publication of the American Association for the Advancement of Science.

In a highly statistical analysis, the economists found that merely easing pollution in acute periods would have little effect on overall death and disease rates.

'At All Times'
It is the lesser but constant pollution "that is important," they conclude, "not the occasional peaks. People dealing with this problem should worry about abating air pollution at all times."

All in all, the economists decided, "there is conclusive evidence" in hard statistics that air pollution both sickens and kills.

Its effects in lung cancer and other breathing ailments (like bronchitis and emphysema) are striking—second only to the effects of cigarette smoking.

The evidence of effects in heart disease is "less comprehensive" but still highly suggestive.

The effects are strong in the deaths of both the old and the young and there are "strong correlations" between deaths of infants up to 11 months old with atmospheric concentrations of sulphuric acid and dust.

Yet sickness and death rates also rise with other factors—age, race, poverty. So, using advanced statistical methods, the Pittsburgh economists calculated the effects of each, and the potential effect of improving each.

In calculating pollution's dol-

lar costs, they used a 1963 estimate—which they believe to be a gross underestimate—that death and disease cost the country \$47 billion a year (based on medical costs and lost work days).

They concluded: "For the average middle-class American

family living in an urban area, abating air pollution is the single most important thing we could do to improve health."

"If we could reduce air pollution by 50 percent, it would save nearly as much in money and life as if we found a complete cure for cancer."

40 Anti-Pollution Cars in U.S. Off On Transcontinental Clean Air Race

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Aug. 24 (UPI).—The first group of anti-pollution vehicles left today as part of the second Transcontinental Clean-Air Car Race.

The cars, powered by liquid and natural gas engines, left at three-minute intervals. Electric cars were given a two-hour head start because their speed was slower.

First stop for the more than 40 vehicles—all designed to drastically reduce air pollution from automobile exhausts—was Toronto. There will be six scheduled overnight stops on the 3,600-mile journey from Massachusetts Institute of Technology here to Pasadena, home of the California Institute of Technology (Caltech).

The electric-powered cars were the first off because they must stop about every 60 miles to have their batteries recharged. Other entries were powered by propane, natural or compressed gas. The only turbine engine car entered was from MIT. A few steam engine cars were expected to run.

The race is designed to promote academic and industrial efforts toward eliminating or drastically cutting pollution emitted from present gasoline-driven internal combustion engines.

Vietnam Solution: Send Foe Polecats

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24 (UPI).—Skunks may provide a smelly and effective means of achieving military victory in Vietnam, according to a constituent of Rep. Clarence D. Long, D. Md.

In his newsletter to residents of his district, Rep. Long reported an unnamed constituent has an "idea for ending the Vietnam war by forcing the Communists to come out of their underground holes and fight."

The idea: Ship thousands of skunks to Vietnam (where there are none now) and turn them loose. Rep. Long said his constituent "guarantees" that the polecats will head for the nearest dugout, driving the Communists out into the open, so our soldiers can get a shot at them.

The idea has been forwarded to the Pentagon by the congressman.

Bogus Money Ring NIAGARA FALLS, Ontario, Aug. 24 (AP).—Seven persons have been arrested and \$80,000 in counterfeit money recovered in simultaneous police raids on both sides of the Canada-U.S. border at Niagara Falls Saturday night.

The cosmopolitan dollar: Citibank Travelers Checks.

They're the international traveler's travelers checks, backed by the leader in worldwide banking. Sold everywhere. Honored everywhere. And if lost, they can be replaced at 28,000 on-the-spot refund points around the globe—thousands more than any other travelers check.

First National City Travelers Checks (World's Biggest Selling Bank Check)



LOS ANGELES, Aug. 24 (AP).—The St. Thomas Episcopal Church—once known as "President Franklin D. Roosevelt's church"—was swept yesterday by a fire that authorities described as suspicious. Only the walls and roof of the 57-year-old structure remained standing.

Police said that several children were seen running from the area, and that the blaze might have been started during a burglary attempt.

DIAMONDS

You can save up to 50 percent on single diamonds at wholesale prices by ordering direct from Antwerp, the world's largest cut-diamond market. Give diamonds to your lady, buy for investment, for personal use.

Write airmail for price list or visit us:

Joachim Goldenstein
DIAMOND CLUB
62 Polikstraat,
Antwerp (Belgium).
Tel. (03) 33-09-82.

Gold Medal
NEW GOLD MEDALS INTERNATIONAL DESIGN
SINCE 1958 GENEVE

CHUNN
NORMAN ALBERTSON (Pres.)
PERFUMES
Unusual Gifts, Gloves, Bags,
Garcinia & substantial export discount
42 RUE RICHER, PARIS.
Mr. Polles-Bergère T.: 824 4206/5664

TWO OF CALIFORNIA'S FINEST HOTELS

CLIFT HOTEL
SAN FRANCISCO
Four Hundred Rooms
Seventeen Floors of
Fireproof Construction.

Dwight H. Hart, Jr.,
General Manager

SANTA BARBARA
BILTMORE
VILLA AND COTTAGES
MONTECITO, SANTA BARBARA

A Twenty-One Acre
Garden Estate Directly
on the Pacific Ocean.

Charles W. Scott
General Manager
Robert S. Odell, President
Both hotels under same
ownership/management

FREDDY
PERFUMES
GLOVES — BAGS — GIFTS
10 RUE AUBER, PARIS
SPECIAL EXPORT DISCOUNT
Phone: RIC. 78-06

MICHEL SWISS
PERFUMES - GLOVES
BAGS - TIES - GIFTS
SPECIAL EXPORT DISCOUNT
10 Rue de la Paix - PARIS

Pretender Breaks Silence

Count of Paris Urges Justice for France, Defends St. Louis

By Henry Giniger

PARIS, Aug. 24 (NYT).—The 700th anniversary tomorrow of the death of Louis IX, better known as St. Louis, brought his most prominent descendant, Henri, Count of Paris, pretender to the throne, out of political retirement today to plead for justice and unity in France.

The count broke several years of silence with a long article on the front page of *Le Monde* praising his pious Capetian ancestor and drawing lessons for the present. But the French, rarely unanimous about their great men, are not even in agreement about St. Louis.

In Aigues-Mortes on the Mediterranean coast, from which the king set forth in 1270 for the second of his two Crusades to the Holy Land, his statue was splashed by red paint a few days ago. After a memorial mass celebrated in the church, tracts were distributed by

local patriots protesting against the king's imperialism, and support for the crusade against heretics in the southern Languedoc regions. Last week an open letter to Edmond Michelet, minister of culture, who will preside over ceremonies in Aigues-Mortes tomorrow, was published by Rabbi Daniel Ferhi of Paris, denouncing the king's anti-Semitism.

Noting the massacre of Jews during the Crusades, Rabbi Ferhi said that in France Louis forced Jews to wear an emblem similar to the yellow Star of David that Jews wore under the Nazis. He was the only sovereign in Europe, according to the rabbi, to carry out an order of Pope Gregory IX to burn copies of the Talmud as subversive. The rabbi noted that in 1240 Louis expelled the Jews from France and confiscated their possessions. He later withdrew the first order but not the second.

The Count of Paris said it was

not surprising to see "a reign outstanding for its glory" contested and denigrated today. He said contemporary society rejected the sacred and made absolute individualism triumphant whereas in Louis's time society was well organized and was crowned by an authority that had legitimacy, a sacred character and evangelical virtues.

The count expressed hope that in the republic authority would not only be legal but legitimate. He said the only way to do this was to gain popular support for and participation in the country's institutions. "Hold the people in favor and love," the count quotes Louis as having advised his son as a bulletin expressing his view on public issues. They were liberal-sounding and strongly supported President Charles de Gaulle for upholding the power of the state against the "feudalism" of the political parties. But aside from asserting his position as head of the "House of France," the count never made any overt move to reassert the legitimacy of the monarchy. Public opinion has remained indifferent to him, although the marriage of several of his nine children have received wide publicity.

The count's last ancestor to hold power was Louis Philippe, who fell in the revolution of 1848. After 18 years of imperial rule by Napoleon III, France became a republic in 1870 and next month will observe the 100th anniversary of the founding of the Third Republic. The royalist movement has continued throughout three republics and achieved some notoriety in the 1930s under the leadership of Charles Maurras. Occasionally the inscription "Long Live the King" will be seen on Paris boulevards and the movement still allies in university and intellectual circles. But the count has never publicly identified himself with it.

Louis IX, who was born in 1214, reigned from 1226 to 1270. His exceptional piety led him to undertake his first crusade, the seventh in the series, in 1248. Taken prisoner in 1249 in Egypt, he won freedom by getting his countrymen to pay a ransom of 400,000 pieces of gold. At home, he fortified the central power against the feudal barons, particularly in the south, a fact that is apparently still resented in the south today.

As fervent about justice as about religion, he became known to every French school child as the man who held judicial court under an oak tree in the Vincennes woods. On his second crusade he never got further than Tunis, where he died of the plague. He was canonized in 1297.

"We are all the sons of St. Louis," the count declared. "Whatever may be present appearances, the French remain the pilgrims of idealism. The search for material goods alone will not be enough to satisfy them and will not shake their thirst for justice."

against what he called the "new feudalism" of occult finance. He also said social reforms required unity.

"Today I am convinced that the goal of politics and the only way to govern is to get agreement among men by taking them as they are," he said.

To achieve this national effort, the count said that the quarter of the population that follows the Communist party could not be excluded. "It is not possible for anti-Communism to be the be-all and end-all of France's internal policies," he asserted.

Until 1966, the count, a member of the Orleans branch of the Bourbons, regularly issued a bulletin expressing his view on public issues. They were liberal-sounding and strongly supported President Charles de Gaulle for upholding the power of the state against the "feudalism" of the political parties. But aside from asserting his position as head of the "House of France," the count never made any overt move to reassert the legitimacy of the monarchy. Public opinion has remained indifferent to him, although the marriage of several of his nine children have received wide publicity.

The count's last ancestor to hold power was Louis Philippe, who fell in the revolution of 1848. After 18 years of imperial rule by Napoleon III, France became a republic in 1870 and next month will observe the 100th anniversary of the founding of the Third Republic. The royalist movement has continued throughout three republics and achieved some notoriety in the 1930s under the leadership of Charles Maurras. Occasionally the inscription "Long Live the King" will be seen on Paris boulevards and the movement still allies in university and intellectual circles. But the count has never publicly identified himself with it.

Louis IX, who was born in 1214, reigned from 1226 to 1270. His exceptional piety led him to undertake his first crusade, the seventh in the series, in 1248. Taken prisoner in 1249 in Egypt, he won freedom by getting his countrymen to pay a ransom of 400,000 pieces of gold. At home, he fortified the central power against the feudal barons, particularly in the south, a fact that is apparently still resented in the south today.

As fervent about justice as about religion, he became known to every French school child as the man who held judicial court under an oak tree in the Vincennes woods. On his second crusade he never got further than Tunis, where he died of the plague. He was canonized in 1297.

"We are all the sons of St. Louis," the count declared. "Whatever may be present appearances, the French remain the pilgrims of idealism. The search for material goods alone will not be enough to satisfy them and will not shake their thirst for justice."

ILO Denies Charges of Red Control

Aide Rebuts Meany After U.S. Fund Cut

GENEVA, Aug. 24 (Reuters).—The International Labor Organization today denied charges by George Meany that it was Communist-dominated.

A U.S. Senate subcommittee decided last week to cut an American contribution of \$3,700,000 toward this year's ILO budget from an appropriations bill now before Congress.

It acted after criticism from Mr. Meany, head of the American Federation of Labor-Congress of Industrial Organizations, who said that Communist members were turning the 120-nation organization into a political instrument. He referred to the appointment last month of Pavel Astapenko of the Soviet Union as an assistant director-general of the ILO, which is a United Nations agency.

An ILO spokesman said the charges of Communist domination were unfounded, and he also denied that American complaints were given less attention than complaints by other countries. Mr. Astapenko is the first Russian to be appointed to the ILO directorate, he said.

He is one of five assistant directors-general, who are on the third echelon of the ILO hierarchy, beneath the director-general and the two deputy directors-general.

He was appointed by Wilfred Jenks, the British director-general, who was elected to the post in May to succeed American-born David Morse, who had been director-general for 32 years.

The Soviet Union has 62 persons on the staff of the ILO, representing just over 2 percent of the total, and the U.S. has 143, representing just under 5 percent, the spokesman said.

The Soviet Union is paying 10 percent of this year's ILO budget and the United States 25 percent, he added.

Blast Wrecks Transformer Near Belfast

CRAIGAVON, Northern Ireland, Aug. 24 (UPI).—A bomb explosion heavily damaged an electric transformer today and partially cut off power to the American Goodyear tire factory.

Twenty houses in Craigavon, as well as the newly built factory suffered power losses. Electric lights in Belfast, 20 miles away, flickered after the blast.

Police said about 20 pounds of explosives were used and the transformer was almost completely wrecked.

No injuries were reported, they said. A British Army spokesman today said 500 more soldiers would be withdrawn from Northern Ireland during the next three days. This would leave only 1,000 of the 2,500 troops sent in as reinforcements for the July 12 Protestant celebrations.

The spokesman said that if Ulster remained peaceful all the reinforcements would be withdrawn in the near future, paving down British peace-keeping forces to the preliminary figure of 8,000.

Vatican, Yugoslavia Raise Envoys' Ranks

VATICAN CITY, Aug. 24 (UPI).—The Vatican announced Saturday the appointment of Mario Cagna as its pro-nuncio to Yugoslavia. Vjekoslav Vojislav has been named as Belgrade's ambassador to the Holy See.

Both men have been representing their respective governments since 1966. Their ranks are being upgraded as a result of the agreement raising diplomatic relations between the Vatican and Yugoslavia to the ambassadorial level.

San Antonio Diphtheria
SAN ANTONIO, Texas, Aug. 24 (AP).—Confirmed diphtheria cases here increased by three Friday to 59 for the year. Eleven more suspected cases were reported, two more than the previous day.

WHERE TO STAY IN THE U.S.A.

PHILADELPHIA
On Rittenhouse Square
This prestige hotel has superb food and accommodations.

Barclay
On Rittenhouse Square
This prestige hotel has superb food and accommodations.

east asia traveland
— PHILIPPINES —
MANILA HOTEL. Best known. Overlook Manila Bay. All facilities. Bar. Pool. Central location. RAPA AMPRA. Int'l. FRANK. Int'l. Hotel. Tel. 24 01 01.

— THAILAND —
BANGKOK
KRAWAN HOTEL. Luxury hotel with 200 fully air-conditioned rooms. Situated in Bangkok's business center. Cable: KRAWAN BANGKOK.

— TAIWAN —
AMBASSADOR HOTEL. City Center. 200 air-cond. rms., 5 bars, 3 restaurants, swimming pool. Cable: AMBASSADOR.

PRESIDENT HOTEL. Truly first class. Finest restaurant. Orchard Room. Bar. Champagne room. Cable: PRESIDENT.

— VIETNAM —
HANOI HOTEL. 210 air-cond. de luxe rooms. 24-hr. coffee shop, rest. bar, nightclub, shopping area, pool. Cable: HANOI HOTEL. Tel. 234.



FETTERING A NEW START—Louis Russell and his wife celebrating the second anniversary of his heart graft.

2d Year for Heart Recipient

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 24 (UPI).—Louis B. Russell Jr., the longest surviving recipient of a transplanted heart, today marked the second anniversary of his operation. He shrugged it off, comparing his new heart to "a false tooth."

Mr. Russell, 44, received the heart of a 17-year-old youth on Aug. 24, 1968, at the Medical College of Virginia in Richmond. Mr. Russell had something extra to mark today: doctors told him he probably would be "over the hump" of possible body rejection of the transplanted heart after two years.

Mr. Russell teaches industrial arts in an Indianapolis elementary school and makes numerous speeches to clubs and civic groups. He receives no compensation but accepts contributions for the American Heart Association fund.

Mr. Russell exercises on a bicycle-type device in his home for half an hour at a time to keep his 200-pound frame in trim. He eats what he wants, writes speeches after school and—against the advice of doctors—smokes cigarettes.

Rumor Epidemic Dies Down After Moscow Cholera Scare

By James F. Clarity
MOSCOW, Aug. 24 (NYT).—The epidemic of rumors that swept this capital after it was announced 19 days ago that cholera had broken out in southern Russia has begun to wane.

Reassured almost daily by newspaper, television and radio commentaries of the successful control of the disease, which "broke" out in Astrakhan, a city in the Volga River delta, 953 miles south of Moscow, Muscovites are now smiling at the rumors that sprouted here two weeks ago. The rumors persist, but few people seem to worry about them.

At markets around the city today, large juicy watermelons from the Astrakhan area sold by the thousands. Two weeks ago, housewives insisted on knowing where the melons came from, and often refused to buy them if the source was Astrakhan.

The Ministry of Health has continuously used the communications media to tell people to wash fruits and vegetables, to boil drinking water and to clean their hands thoroughly before meals.

Some Muscovites, however, devised their own preventive measures. "Cholera does not like acidity," said one man. "You must drink 20 grams of dry wine mixed with 20 grams of water several times a day."

Official statements have said there are no cases of cholera in Moscow. But there has been no official statement on how many deaths cholera has caused in Astrakhan or other parts of the country. The lack of such information apparently stirred the rumors here.

Among the rumors and reports that made some Muscovites nervous was that there were six cholera cases here.

Another report said that 15,000 people had died of cholera in the Astrakhan area and that tanks

were used to spray the area with disinfectant. The lack of such information apparently stirred the rumors here.

Among the rumors and reports that made some Muscovites nervous was that there were six cholera cases here.

Another report said that 15,000 people had died of cholera in the Astrakhan area and that tanks

were used to spray the area with disinfectant. The lack of such information apparently stirred the rumors here.

Among the rumors and reports that made some Muscovites nervous was that there were six cholera cases here.

Another report said that 15,000 people had died of cholera in the Astrakhan area and that tanks

were used to spray the area with disinfectant. The lack of such information apparently stirred the rumors here.

Among the rumors and reports that made some Muscovites nervous was that there were six cholera cases here.

Another report said that 15,000 people had died of cholera in the Astrakhan area and that tanks

were used to spray the area with disinfectant. The lack of such information apparently stirred the rumors here.

Among the rumors and reports that made some Muscovites nervous was that there were six cholera cases here.

Another report said that 15,000 people had died of cholera in the Astrakhan area and that tanks

were used to spray the area with disinfectant. The lack of such information apparently stirred the rumors here.

Rev. Hartman Dies; Catholic Bible Expert

Chairman of Editors Of New U.S. Version

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24 (NYT).—The Rev. Louis Francis Hartman, 68, a Redemptorist educator and Bible authority, who was professor of Semitic languages at the Catholic University of America, died yesterday of a heart ailment.

From 1948 to 1968 Father Hartman was chairman of the board of editors for the new translation of the Catholic Bible in English. A new version of this new American Bible is to be published Sept. 30. Father Hartman emphasized that the Bible would be "in the living language of today."

He had been executive secretary of the Catholic Biblical Association of America since 1948 and vice-president of the International Catholic Biblical Association of Rome. He was chairman of the Committee for the National Observance of the 500th Anniversary of the Gutenberg Bible in 1952.

Father Hartman was born in New York Jan. 17, 1901, and entered the Redemptorist Fathers' order in 1922. Pope Paul VI recently awarded him the Medal Pro Ecclesia et Pontifice for outstanding service to the church.

John Haven Ferguson
PARIS, Aug. 24 (NYT).—John Haven Ferguson, 55, former U.S. Ambassador to Morocco and prominent lawyer in Washington, died today while vacationing with his wife near his southern Provençal town of Gordes, according to word received here.

Prof. Donald J. Robertson
GLASGOW, Aug. 24.—Prof. Donald J. Robertson, 43, professor of industrial relations at Glasgow University since 1969, died Saturday.

Prof. Robertson was well known in the field of industrial relations both in this country and the United States.

He was chairman of the court inquiry into the railway-gate dispute in 1967, the Routes dispute in 1969 and the more recent Heathrow firemen's dispute. He was chairman of the Railway Staff National Tribunal.

Expert on Micronesia
To Aid U.S. Governor
SYDNEY, Aug. 24 (NYT).—A diplomat specializing in Pacific Island affairs at the U.S. Embassy in Australia has been assigned to the new post of political adviser to the American high commissioner in Micronesia, apparently reflecting the Nixon administration's concern over deteriorating relations between Washington and the U.S.-administered UN trust territory.

The diplomat, Second Secretary John C. Dorrance, is expected to play a key role in U.S. efforts to resolve a deadlock between Washington and Micronesia's leader, reflecting the future political status of the strategic Central Pacific islands and atolls.

'Madman' on the Motorcycle
Again Foils Police in Naples
NAPLES, Aug. 24 (AP).—He is known as "Agostino the Madman." He rides motorcycles; at midnight in teaming downtown Naples.

He did it again last night to the delight of several thousand fans, and to the outrage of outcast police who could not catch his souped-up Ducati 125.

While numerous high-powered squad cars failed to restrain Agostino, 100 riot policemen in battle dress barely restrained the fans.

By the time the "Motorcicle" — as Neapolitans have come to call Agostino's midnight madness — was over, 13 people from the street and 5 policemen had been hurt in clashes.

Twelve Neapolitans were in jail on suspicion of being disorderly persons.

The midnight roar of Agostino's powerful machine down Via Roma, from the direction of the slums, where he

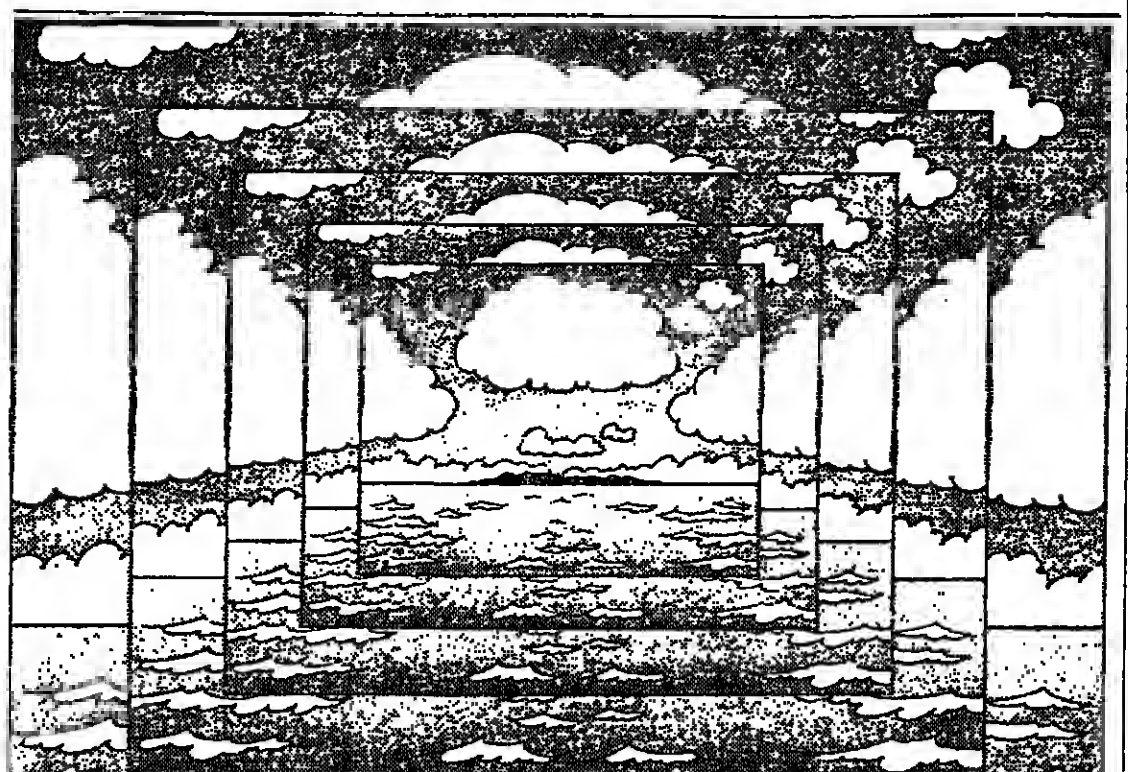
presumably lives, signalled the start of the show.

The 17-year-old—that is believed to be his age—zoomed along the streets and sidewalks, making great acrobatic leaps over curbs and steps.

Flashing Youth
Numerous police cars—known here as Panthers and Gazelles—charged into action to head off the cyclist. Thousands in the squares cheered on the flashing youth, hence the riot police, and the street battle.

After an hour, Agostino streaked between two police cars which tried to box him in, made what witnesses described as an offensive gesture, and disappeared down a side street.

Naples police said today they suspected there was a method in Agostino's madness. They said they believed he was part of a motorcycle gang of pickpockets who used him to distract the police while they went about their criminal business.



Give yourself 5 days to say goodbye to Europe.

Say goodbye to Europe the European way by eating croissants for breakfast. Or scrambled eggs. In Le France or in the Queen Elisabeth 2, all around you, it'll be Europe.

You'll find a Faubourg St Honoré and an Old Bond Street for shopping; a pop-group for dancing; and for dinner, you'll have queneilles de broche, escalope Soubeise, crêpes Suzette prepared by the best chefs of Europe.

Say goodbye to Europe, the French way. Or the English way. Every Friday from May 8th

until October 30th (with two exceptions) Le France or the QE 2 in turn sail from Le Havre and Southampton to New York.

Fares start at \$239 (half-round trip, thrift season). Le France also calls at Bremerhaven on October 1st and 29th. QE 2 at Cöln on August 25th and September 22nd.

On October 29th from Bremerhaven and October 30th from Le Havre and Southampton, Le France sails to New York and Quebec.

For further details see your travel agent.

FRANCE/QE2

WHERE TO STAY

<p>ARABIAN GULF</p> <p>BAHRAIN HOTEL DELMOND, de luxe, rent, air-conditioned, swimming pool, tennis, 24-hour security, 24-hour restaurant, 24-hour bar, 24-hour laundry, 24-hour car service, 24-hour medical service, 24-hour dental service, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security, 24-hour fire, 24-hour police, 24-hour ambulance, 24-hour hospital, 24-hour clinic, 24-hour laboratory, 24-hour pharmacy, 24-hour post office, 24-hour bank, 24-hour telephone exchange, 24-hour fax, 24-hour internet, 24-hour computer, 24-hour security,</p>
--

South African Blacks Fight Trial on Once-Dropped Count

PRETORIA, South Africa, Aug. 24 (AP)—Attorneys for all but one of 20 blacks charged under the South Africa terrorism act contend today that they should not be tried because they had previously been cleared of the same charges. The 20th detainee, Benjamin M. Ramotse, claimed he could not be tried in Pretoria supreme court because he had been sentenced by Rhodesian police. Ramotse's lawyer said he was ordered by Rhodesian and South African police and brought within the court's jurisdiction against his will and in violation of international law. The trial of 15 African men and women has attracted international interest. Among observers are representatives of the United States, British and Swedish embassies and Peter Cornell, executive director of the U.S. Lawyers Com-

mittee for Civil Rights Under Law. Police armed with rifles and machine pistols guarded the courtroom as the defendants were led in. Several exchanged clenched fist "black power" salutes with non-white spectators. The 58-page indictment charges the defendants with acts of terrorism against South Africa between June 1962 and May 1970. They are accused among other things of training in guerrilla warfare and encouraging others to do so, of being members or supporters of the aims of the banned African National Congress or other outlawed black nationalist movements.

Hold Over a Year

Most of those on trial were among 30 to 40 swept up by police in May and June last year under the terrorism act. Among them was Mrs. Winnie Mandela, wife of former African National Congress leader Nelson Mandela, who is serving a life term on Robben Island.

Twenty-two detainees were brought to court under the catch-all Suppression of Communism Act in October last year. All pleaded not guilty when their trial started in December. On February 16, 1970, the prosecution was withdrawn, the original charges dropped and the 22 were acquitted. All were immediately re-detained for further investigation under the terrorism act. Several were released and the fresh charge was placed June 18.

Defense lawyer Sydney Kentridge told the court today that the accused could not be charged with a more serious offense after being acquitted of less serious charges growing out of the same incidents.

Niarchos Plans Not to Fight Charges Now

ATHENS, Aug. 24 (UPI)—Stavros Niarchos does not plan to return to Greece to fight an attempt by a prosecutor to indict him on charges of contributing to the death of his wife, May 4, a spokesman said today. "There is nothing for him to do here until the judicial board reaches its decision," said Constantinos Dracopoulos, chief executive for the Niarchos enterprise in Greece. No action is expected until after Sept. 15, when members of the judicial board return. The 61-year-old multimillionaire is in Switzerland, said Mr. Dracopoulos.

Prosecutor Constantinos Rafanidis, who holds the office in the Athenian port of Piraeus, asked a three-man judicial board, equivalent to a grand jury, to indict Mr. Niarchos on charges equivalent to manslaughter.

Mr. Niarchos has denied accusations that he contributed to his wife's death, ruled a suicide earlier by a medical board which said death was due to an overdose of barbiturates.

Greek authorities, meanwhile, said today they would arrest Mr. Niarchos only if he is indicted. "Under Greek law," a judge said, "persons indicted for manslaughter are placed under arrest. If they are abroad, authorities ask for their extradition."

Arms Sales To S. Africa Are Opposed

ADDIS ABABA, Ethiopia, Aug. 24 (Reuters)—Emperor Haile Selassie said here today that arms sales to South Africa would undoubtedly help that regime to promote and maintain its oppressive rule.

Speaking at the opening of the 5th session of the council of ministers of the Organization of African Unity, the emperor said: "We deplore the recently announced intentions of the new British government to sell arms to South Africa in flagrant violation of the Security Council resolutions imposing an embargo on the sale of arms to South Africa."

"Arms sales to South Africa will undoubtedly help the racist regime to promote and maintain its oppressive rule against Africans who constitute the vast majority of the inhabitants of that country."

"Independent African states must therefore convince the powers concerned to abandon such a course as harmful to all."

The emperor said the steady development of the economic and political progress of the continent was determined by the perseverance of its leaders.

"It is because Africa persevered in this belief that the civil strife in Nigeria was contained within its own boundaries and that Africa, emboldened by the OAU, succeeded in attaining its goal, namely the unity and territorial integrity of its member states," he said.

The four-day meeting of the council will prepare the agenda for next week's OAU summit. Forty of the OAU's 41 member states are attending, the only absentee being Mauritius.

Pan Am Bus Set Afire
CALCUTTA, Aug. 24 (AP)—About 20 leftist youths set fire Saturday to a Pan American Airways bus in north Calcutta. Police said the driver and two American passengers escaped unhurt.



COGNAC

HENNESSY

Established in 1765



FOREST AFLAME—A house in Calcatoggio, Corsica, is surrounded by the smoke of a burning forest shortly after the inhabitants of the house fled the advancing flames.

Indian Priest Denies 'Sale' Of Girls to Convents in West

KOTTAYAM, India, Aug. 24 (Reuters)—The head of a Roman Catholic institute that has sent nearly 500 Indian girls to European convents today denied that they were sold.

The Rev. Cyril Puthenpura, head of the Nirmala Bhavan, Secular Institute at Kottayam near this Kerala town, said the girls, mostly of the middle class, had gone to Europe of their own accord to enter convents or be trained as nurses.

There was no question of "buying or selling" the girls and there was no compulsion or coercion, he told reporters.

The girls were sent to convents in Italy, France, Germany and Spain at the request of institutions and cardinals. No trading was involved and the girls were not enticed, Father Puthenpura said.

He said he had visited all the girls sent to Europe by the institute and found that they were "living like princesses" and were very happy.

Out of nearly 500 girls sent to Europe by Nirmala Bhavan, only ten had come back to India—six of them because of illness or for domestic reasons, he added. The four others were disaffected and left the Sisters of Divine Providence Convent near Rome around the beginning of this year, he said. They returned to Kerala this month after visiting Germany.

Father Puthenpura said bishops and priests in other parts of India, as well as others in Kerala, had sent girls to Europe to become nuns.

He said the aim of his institute—which he said had the blessing of Pope Paul—was to gain its members "to attain Christian perfection through social services."

Meanwhile, the Catholic bishops of India disclosed today they had decided earlier this month to ask the Vatican for help in looking after Indian girls going to Europe to become nuns.

The Catholic Bishops Conference of India said one of its standing committees had also urged the bishops in the southern state of Kerala to tackle the issue "as a matter of urgency."

Archbishop Benedict Mar Gregorios of Trivandrum, capital of Kerala state, told reporters today that it was true that girls from Kerala went to Germany, France, Italy and Spain to become nuns and to train as nurses. He said he thought about 2,000 had gone in the last few years.

The convents paid the air fares and other expenses, but none of the

3 Shot as Hippies Riot After Ban in Amsterdam

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 24 (AP)—Riots broke out tonight in Dam Square after open-air sleeping by hippies was banned there. Soon after the ban took effect at 8 p.m., hundreds of youngsters gathered, throwing stones at police cars.

Police cleared the square and later a policeman involved in a scuffle fired shots, injuring three people, including a press photographer, Daniel Koning, 25, who was reported to have been shot in the back. Several policemen were also injured, one of them seriously.

Copters Cross Pacific Ocean
DA NANG, Vietnam, Aug. 24 (AP)—The first helicopters to fly across the Pacific Ocean arrived here today after a nine-day, 9,000-mile journey from the United States.

A spokesman for the mission said the flight cut 75 percent off the time it normally takes to freight aircraft to Vietnam. He added that the two RH-53 Jolly Green Giant helicopters demonstrated their world wide tactical capability. The helicopters were accompanied on most of the journey by fixed wing aircraft for aerial refueling.

Concorde at 1,000 mph
LONDON, Aug. 24 (Reuters)—Concorde-003, the British version of the Anglo-French supersonic airliner, reached its fastest yet speed, 1,000 miles an hour, during a test flight Saturday. It flew at supersonic speeds for 58 minutes.

New Chinese Ambassador In Warsaw

Peking-U.S. Talks To Be at Top Level
By James Feron

WARSAW, Aug. 24 (NYT)—A new Communist Chinese ambassador arrived here tonight, restoring top-level diplomatic representation with Polish and American officials for the first time since 1967.

The new ambassador is Yao Kuang, a Foreign Ministry official who once served in the Chinese Embassy in Warsaw.

Mr. Kuang will replace the Chinese chargé d'affaires, Lei Yang, in the formal talks that have been held here with American Ambassador Walter J. Stoessel Jr. since their resumption last January.

The talks were suspended after two meetings when Peking indicated that it could not continue while American forces were in Cambodia. Discussions are expected to be resumed in the fall.

Mr. Kuang replaces Ambassador Wang Kuo-chuan, who returned to China three years ago. Since then Peking's embassy in Warsaw, as in many other Communist capitals, has been represented by a chargé d'affaires.

The posting of a new ambassador to Warsaw indicated last month in Chinese reports relayed through Hong Kong, follows similar restoration of top-level diplomatic representation in Yugoslavia, Hungary, Romania and Albania.

A New Interest

These moves have been interpreted as part of Peking's apparent new interest in Eastern Europe and follow a more active role by Peking in the Communist world following the Chinese Cultural Revolution.

Some observers see Peking's more sensitive relations with Moscow as a motivation for this increased diplomatic activity, including the talks with the United States.

These talks, which began in 1955 and have been held exclusively in Warsaw since 1968, were resumed last January after a two-year lapse attributed to the Cultural Revolution and the Vietnam war. The session that was canceled last May was to have been the 137th.

They are the only formal contacts between American and Chinese Communist diplomats. They provide a forum for exchanging viewpoints on major issues and, to a lesser extent, for discussing practical matters below the policy level.

Some observers here believe Peking is also interested in keeping Moscow guessing about Chinese relations with Washington.

Poland is represented in Peking by a chargé d'affaires but Polish officials have indicated that Warsaw will soon be naming an ambassador to the Chinese capital.

Strong Winds Spread Fires On Corsica

AJACCIO, Corsica, Aug. 24 (AP)—Gale-force winds spread fires in 100 places today through dry brush and forest on Corsica. The wind kept the flames dancing and leaping ahead of exhausted firemen.

gendarmes and Foreign Legionnaires who have been battling the fires for three days.

Officials said 15,000 acres of pine-wood and brush had been reduced to ashes since Saturday, and the situation was getting worse as the day wore on.

Late this afternoon, 120 specialists were sent from Nice with 35 pieces of equipment.

Villages Threatened

Six villages in the northern finger of the island were threatened. Most had been evacuated and firemen played water on the abandoned houses.

Four Canadian water bombers made runs trying to obstruct fires approaching the villages.

In the countryside, winds of more than 62 miles an hour made opposition seem hopeless. At nightfall yesterday, most of the 20 separate fires had been brought under control, because of a calm in the persistent Mediterranean winds. Today the wind began to blow again, hard and hot.

Some officials attributed the rash of fires to arson, but others said simple carelessness was probably to blame.

Britain to Drop Ban on Importing Of Cats and Dogs

LONDON, Aug. 24 (UPI)—Britain decided today to drop its five-month-old ban on the import of dogs and cats, effective Sept. 16.

The Minister of Agriculture, Jim Prior, announced he was accepting the recommendation of the Committee of Inquiry on Rabies that dogs and cats once again be allowed to enter Britain.

They had been banned, along with other animals, since March, following a rabies outbreak. The ban on other animals was not lifted.

All dogs and cats entering the country after Sept. 16 will be quarantined for six months and vaccinated against rabies. The cost of both, about £200 (\$300) will be borne by the owners.

The estimated 1,950 dogs and 350 cats that have been kept in permanent quarantine since the import ban went into effect in March will be released once they fulfilled the new requirements.

Girl Reporter Is Back in Paris After Captivity

PARIS, Aug. 24 (AP)—A French girl who was a freelance journalist when captured in Cambodia, nearly three months ago, slipped back into Paris almost unnoticed after her release. It was reported here today.

The girl, Lydie Nicaise, arrived yesterday a few hours after Alain Clement, a French television soundman whose two colleagues died after being wounded during capture. Mr. Clement said he was told of their deaths only when being released, and was given their watches and passports to bring home.

Mrs. Nicaise disappeared in the Angkor Wat sector while riding in a rickshaw with a reporter for Agence France-Press, Xavier Baran.

Mr. Baran, Mr. Clement, Mrs. Nicaise and a Dutchman were in captivity together. Mr. Clement said Mr. Baran, who has a heart ailment, and the Dutchman were to be released soon.

Liner Elizabeth A Tourist Flop, To Be Auctioned

NEW YORK, Aug. 24 (NYT)—The old Cunard liner Queen Elizabeth, a success for 38 years on the North Atlantic but a failure as a tourist attraction in Fort Lauderdale, Fla., since her retirement in 1968, will be sold at auction there on Sept. 9 and 10.

The sale is part of a bankruptcy proceeding in Federal Court in Philadelphia that began when the present owners, the Queen Ltd., filed a petition seeking a court plan to pay creditors "in whole or in part." The attorneys listed liabilities of \$12.1 million against assets of slightly more than \$11.4 million.

The announcement said that the contents of the ship—marine equipment and hotel and restaurant—would be sold as well as the hull. It is indicated that this time the old Queen is headed for the scrap yard.

You'll live like a king in our castle in Ireland

Just 8 miles from Shannon Airport you'll find Dromoland Castle. Dromoland has been the home of the Royal O'Brien clan since 1570. The first owner, Donough O'Brien was a descendant in an unbroken line of High King Brian Boru, who defeated the Danes at Clontarf in 1014.

And now you're invited to savor the home of royalty. With the help of twentieth century know-how, this historic castle has been converted into a luxury hotel while still preserving all the elegance and charm of another age. All the rooms have central heating and private baths. The public rooms, once lofty banqueting halls and galleries, are superbly and comfortably decorated. The food is in the finest Continental tradition of haute cuisine—sprinkled with such Irish delicacies as Dublin Bay Prawns.

On the 1500-acre estate there's a 9-hole golf course, as well as riding, fishing boating and tennis. And Dromoland is an ideal centre for sightseeing trips to the rest of Ireland—Kilmorey, the Blarney Stone and Galway Bay are all within easy reach.

With New York less than 6 hours away, there could be no more perfect and so to a holiday in Europe than a few days in Dromoland. After all, it's not every day you have the chance to live like an Irish King.

Open until November 7th. For reservations write to: Dromoland Castle, Newmarket-on-Fergus, County Clare, Ireland. Telephone: Shannon 71144. Telegrams to: Dromoland, Newmarket-on-Fergus, Ireland.



#1 NATIONAL BEST SELLER
"A tender and revealing and moving book with a sense of the life style of many of our college young."
—Cleveland Plain Dealer

LOVE STORY

by Erich Segal
At all bookstores, \$4.95
Harper & Row

In the vanguard of the electronic measurement of time, Longines is evidently also in the forefront of the manufacture of a classical wrist watch. No wrist watch sold in the world today can claim to be more precise than a Longines Ultra-Chron.

Ref. 8308, Ultra-Chron, gold, automatic, waterproof.
Ref. 8309, Ultra-Chron, stainless steel, automatic, waterproof.

LONGINES

The new standard of time.

The Mercenaries in Vietnam

The Senate's reaction to the payment of United States bonuses to foreign soldiers for service in Vietnam was relatively mild. It voted to forbid payment of more to Philippine, Thai and South Korean troops in Vietnam than to Americans fighting in that country. Although the unanimous vote for Sen. Fulbright's amendment to the military procurement bill suggested a determined revolt against the hiring of mercenaries for Vietnam, the effect would be merely an equalization of special combat pay from American funds.

No doubt this restraint in dealing with a highly dubious practice reflected in some measure Sen. Stennis's feeling that we should not "go in there with a meat ax" at a time when the United States is withdrawing its troops from Vietnam. A reasonable argument can be made that Washington should not be discouraging Asian nations from helping the South Vietnamese at a time when the United States is advocating more self-reliance on the part of those countries and less dependence on American manpower. But this is an expedient view which tends to overlook the basic objections to the mercenary system.

Congress is particularly irritated because the practice of paying Asian soldiers to fight in Vietnam (or merely "sit on their behinds," as Sen. Fulbright put it in the case of the Philippines' non-combat troops) was adopted without the knowledge or consent of Con-

gress. President Johnson held out inducements to the Filipinos, the Thais and the South Koreans to participate in the Vietnamese war so as to create an impression of Asian support for what the United States was doing. Since Thailand, for example, has been paying its privates only \$26 a month, compared with the \$39 a month they have received from U.S. funds, there is no escape from the stigma that attaches to the mercenary.

In the hearings before the Symington subcommittee on United States commitments abroad, Ambassador Leonard Unger defended the practice on the ground that Washington wanted to make the participation of foreign troops in Vietnam possible without adding additional financial burdens to the governments in question. But defense efforts always involve some burden. The argument that most of these burdens, even for the defense of remote Asian countries, should be piled on the American taxpayers has worn very thin.

As a matter of good faith the United States is obligated to carry out agreements made in the past to pay bonuses to foreign troops fighting with us in Vietnam, but the policy itself is due for a drastic overhauling. The next step may well be the prohibition of future hidden subsidies of this sort in the absence of specific congressional authorization.

THE WASHINGTON POST.

The U.S. Budget Deficit

In part the embarrassing outlook for a \$10 billion federal deficit for the current fiscal year and a much larger gap between income and outgo in fiscal 1972 is a product of the administration's own policies. The economic slowdown which it brought about in order to curb inflation cut into corporate profits and thus reduced revenue from taxation. However necessary or desirable the slowdown may have been from the viewpoint of cooling an overheated economy, it leaves the administration with a dilemma that cannot be readily dissipated.

An even larger share of the blame for this outlook, however, falls upon Congress. In passing the Tax Reform Act last year, Congress not only indulged in a tax-cutting spree over the protests of the White House and Treasury. Since then both houses have insisted on voting for the appropriation of funds in excess of the budget without providing additional revenue or ordering compensating cuts in other outlays. Some of these spending bills have had our support on the ground that they are essential to a reorientation of priorities. But the total effect of congressional action to date has been to boost probable expenditures out of proportion to the willingness of Congress to supply the necessary taxes.

In ordinary times this would not be a disturbing situation. With the economy in a state of sluggishness, a small deficit could ordinarily be welcomed as a means of stimulating an expansion of industrial and business activity. But inflation has not yet been brought under control. Economists seem to be in agreement that the accumulated federal deficit, amounting to \$38 billion in the last three years of the Johnson administration, was a prime cause of the inflation that has since afflicted our economy.

The danger of slipping back into a policy of deficit financing while the price-wage spiral still has a strong upward thrust must be obvious to anyone familiar with this recent history. Many economists are still more afraid of irresponsible fiscal and monetary policies in Washington than of high unemployment or a real recession.

One hopeful element in the situation is the decline in defense spending. Outlays for defense are now running at about \$77 billion a year compared to an annual rate of \$80 billion in the third quarter of 1969, and one estimate is that present plans for with-

drawal of forces from Vietnam should cut our defense costs to about \$70 billion by the end of 1971. But this is not enough to close the prospective gap between revenue and expenditures, without a sharp upturn in economic activity. No such upturn is anticipated, and if there should be an abrupt turnaround it would rejuvenate the dangers of inflation.

The situation seems to call more for watchful waiting at present than for any drastic turn in policy. Certainly the time has not yet come for any drive for a general increase in taxes, and if the President should launch such a movement the chance for its enactment during the election campaigns would probably be nil. Congress should, however, enact the minor bills requested by the White House for renewal of the excise taxes on telephones and automobiles, the gasoline lead tax and accelerated payment of gift and estate taxes. And Congress should be far more diligent than it has been in the past in trimming needless expenditures or providing additional revenue when it passes new spending bills for which no funds have been included in the budget.

THE WASHINGTON POST.

KGB vs. Tourists

The American Embassy in Moscow has properly protested to the Soviet Foreign Ministry against secret police treatment of some American tourists. The crude behavior of the KGB toward the Americans involved must raise questions for other Americans contemplating visits to the Soviet Union.

Mrs. Ludmila Koehler, a teacher at the University of Pittsburgh and a leader of a group of young Americans visiting the Black Sea area, was accused of "hooliganism," arrested, flown to Moscow without explanation, and deported to Budapest. Her "crime" was that she asked for the right to state this country's case at an anti-American youth rally in Sochi. In a related incident, an American visitor's wife and small son were threatened and he was pressured to sign a statement that he had participated in "anti-Soviet activities."

Tourists are guests, entitled to at least minimum hospitality and personal security. Soviet tourists here enjoy full freedom of speech. American tourists in the Soviet Union deserve no less.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

International Opinion

The West German-Soviet Pact

On paper both sides have made considerable sacrifices. The Kremlin abandons its central propaganda theme whereby fear of the "revanchism" of West Germany has been used to justify its steely grip on Eastern Europe. Bonn, for its part, forfeits its claim to represent the German people as a whole, sees the prospect of reunification disappear, at least temporarily, below the horizon, and kisses goodbye forever to the former German territory now part of Poland.

In theory, therefore, the whole post-war

European situation has radically changed. In practice, it has not, but the prior conditions for such a change have been provided. A true détente would involve not merely a fossilization of frontiers but the dismantling of the Berlin wall, increasing contacts between the two Germanys and, above all, greater internal independence for Russia's satellites, including Czechoslovakia.

Mr. Brandt's bold initiative of suppling with the devil can be justified by a hope that these developments will occur, but not by too easy an assumption that they will.

—From the Sunday Telegraph (London).

In the International Edition

Seventy-Five Years Ago

August 25, 1895

ST. PETERSBURG.—The semi-official Turkestan Gazette publishes further information regarding the rising of the Dzungars in Dzungaria on the borders of Western Siberia, who are in revolt against the Chinese. The journal states that although the Chinese have recaptured the town of Suannhuatun from the insurgent tribes, the latter have besieged and taken the towns of Didantun and Hotjo. A further extension of the revolt is anticipated.

Fifty Years Ago

August 25, 1920

CINCINNATI, Ohio.—Should women be permitted to enter the Jewish Ministry? This question has caused a stir in Jewish circles here as a result of the announcement that Miss Martha Neumark, of this city, has entered the Hebrew Union College to study for the pulpit. She is the first girl in history to enter college to prepare to become a Rabbi. Dr. Kaufmann, president of the college, says: "The government body has no objection to women."



'How on Earth Did You Get Down There?'

Fulbright on Middle East 'Myths'

By Sen. J. William Fulbright

These are excerpts from a speech delivered in the Senate yesterday by Sen. Fulbright, who is chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee.

THE myths that shape events in the Middle East are the oldest myths of all. Some derive from religion.

The contested land is a "holy" land; more than a place for raising crops and building cities, it is "sacred soil" for three great religions. Jerusalem contains both the Wall of the Temple, which is sacred to Jews, and the Dome of the Rock, which is sacred to Moslems. Neither can hold exclusive title to the city without also owning the other faith's shrine.

Now, as in the days of the Crusades, religion exacerbates the issue because, now as then, the behavior of the belligerents is more affected by the zeal with which they hold their beliefs than by the humane ethics taught by their respective religions. Now as in the past it is hard to strike a bargain over sacred soil.

Then there are the myths of mutual victimization. Perhaps I should say the half-myths, because both Jews and Arabs have victimized each other, though surely not with the deliberate and malign intent that each attributes to the other.

Aggravated Fears

The Jews are obsessed with the fear of a repetition of the Nazi holocaust, and the Arabs do nothing to allay this fear with extravagant talk about "holy wars" and about throwing the Jews into the sea. These threats have understandably alarmed the Israelis in much the same way that Khrushchev's talk of "burying" us agitated Americans a decade ago.

President Nasser and King Hussein have both, in effect, repudiated such draconian threats, but the Israelis seem not to have noticed the disavowals. As survivors of genocide, they can hardly be expected to distinguish with perfect clarity between Nazi crimes and Arab rhetoric. All they know is that they came to Palestine in peace, scholars in an underpopulated land, but have been allowed no peace; they have fought three wars they never wished to fight and still their enemies remain implacable, refusing even to talk to them, contesting—until recently—their right to survive as a state.

Nonetheless, the Arab-Nazi analogy is a faulty one; it clouds the distinction between the myth and reality of Arab intent—whatever that may be.

The Arabs, for their part, perceive Zionism as a new form of Western imperialism. Having lived on the land of Palestine for thousands of years, they can have little sympathy for the historic sentiments of the Jewish Diaspora. It is, I should think, impossible for them to put themselves in the place of the Jews, whose cultural attachment to their ancient homeland sustained them through centuries of dispersal and persecution.

The Arabs are on a different wave length. While the Jews prayed for Palestine—"Next year in Jerusalem," they said in their prayer—the Arabs inhabited the land. They could not see the Jews as the Jews saw themselves; as refugees from genocide seeking safe haven. What did this have to do with the Arabs? They had had the Jews no harm and could see no reason why they should compensate the Jews for the crimes of Europeans.

In fact, to Arab eyes, the Jews were Europeans, armed with European skills and technology, coming on the heels of other Europeans to drive them from their homes and steal away their lands.

Lebensraum Specter

In its way, Zionism has seemed to the Arabs even more threatening than the old European imperialism. The British and French, after all, had only establishing colonies and, bad as that was, colonies came and went. But the Jews were establishing a homeland, and homelands do not come and go.

On the contrary, once established, they are likely to expand. The Jewish state actively encourages immigration from all over the world, creating for Arabs the specter of a Jewish drive for Lebensraum, which even more Arab lands. Some elements within Israel and the world Zionist movement openly proclaim the need of a policy of expansion, which must give rise to a fear among Arabs not

unlike that felt by the Jews when the Arabs talk of throwing them into the sea.

To the Arabs, in short, Zionism is not a program of deliverance for a persecuted race but a foreign conquest bolstered by strong lies and the conquering people and the most powerful governments of the West.

As if the Arab-Israeli problem were not enough, the great powers have made their own special contribution to the mythology of the Middle East by infusing the crisis with the hocus-poems of geopolitics. The Middle East, in geopolitical terms, is something far more abstract than an oil-rich desert contested by feuding Semitic peoples.

Beyond that, it is the "gateway to the East," the "hinge of NATO" and the crucial cockpit of the historic Russian drive toward warm water. By sending planes and missiles to Egypt, the Russians are not merely bolstering a shaky client; to the X-ray eye of the geopolitician, they are embarked upon a drive to convert the Mediterranean into a "Soviet lake."

The "vital interests" of the great powers are, in fact, involved in the Middle East—primarily because those powers have chosen to become involved. The ultimate danger is that the Arab-Israeli conflict could draw the superpowers and the world into a nuclear war—and that certainly is a matter of "vital interest"—but the danger is not inherent in the local situation, nor is it predestined by fate. It has come about because the great powers have rendered much of their own freedom of action to the hellish whims of their respective clients.

There is of course one way—no case anyone still cares—in which the great powers are obligated to intervene: as members of the United Nations Security Council charged by the Charter with the responsibility to "decide what measures shall be taken in response to a threat to the peace, breach of the peace or act of aggression." Instead, the Soviet Union and the United States have played the role of cobelligerents to their respective clients, arming and financing them, committing their own prestige to the issue and, in so doing, converting a local conflict into a potential world conflict. All that can be said in mitigation is that both great powers have shown a certain prudence by holding back at times on the arms supplied to the warring parties.

Finally, there is the myth of militarism, and that affects all of the parties. Each clings to the notion that another round may settle things—although three wars have settled nothing—or that some new weapons system will stabilize the balance of power—as if either side would accept the other's notion of what it takes to establish a proper balance.

Since the June war of 1967, the Egyptians have acquired vast arsenals of Soviet weapons, including air support and advanced ground-to-air missiles, and they have launched a "war of attrition." What has it gotten them? The Israelis have been compelled to stop their deep penetration air raids, but they still hold the Sinai; until the cease-fire, they were bombing Egyptian installations on the west bank of the canal around the clock and they have every prospect of acquiring additional Phantom and Skyhawk jets from the United States so as to re-establish their version of the balance of power.

Nor has any of the new Egyptian hardware won the Israelis. Prime Minister Meir explicitly rejects the borders of 1967 and, instead of offering concessions, Foreign Minister Eban contributes phony promises about recognizing the right of the United Arab Republic to exist.

The Israelis, for their part, have hardly profited from their military successes. They have gained territory and they have established their military superiority, but they have failed to gain what they most want: security.

In 1967, they felt desperately insecure along the Gaza Strip frontier; today they feel desperately insecure along the Suez Canal, so much so that they and their friends abroad seem almost to have forgotten that it is not their own but Egyptian territory that they are defending so jealously.

One begins to understand the spheres-of-influence psychology, which causes a nation to believe that it can have no security at all until it has robbed its neighbors of all semblance of security.

Surrounded by hostile neighbors, holding down occupied lands, hounded by a million Arabs, plagued by fedayeen attacks and oppressed by the costs of armaments, Israel is a desperately insecure nation. That is clear, but it is anything but clear that her present policy of relying on military superiority is ever going to alter the situation.

If the Suez frontier does not provide security, what boundary would? And even if the United States provides all the Phantom jets the Israelis want and the electronic jamming gear which may neutralize the SAM-2 and SAM-3 missiles, it is unlikely that Israel will gain more than a respite; the Russians will soon enough come up with something else.

An Analogy

After World War I, the French tried to gain security in somewhat the same way that Israel seeks it today. They too were confronted with a potentially powerful but momentarily weakened antagonist and they tried to perpetuate that situation by occupying the German Rhineland, temporarily detaching the Saar from Germany and Germany to pay reparations.

The effort to make France secure by keeping Germany weak was a failure. Now, 25 years after World War I, France has nothing to fear from Germany although Germany is strong and in possession of all of the western territories France once wished to detach. France is secure now not because Germany has lost the power to threaten her but because she has lost the wish to do so.

The analogy is imperfect and simplified, but it holds. Israel will be secure when and if the Arabs lose the wish to threaten her. Eliminating that wish should be an object worth pursuing from Israel's point of view.

As victors, the Israelis are in a position to be magnanimous without being suspected of "weakness"—which is something nations worry about whenever they are thinking about behaving sensibly. But thus far they have shown little inclination to trade their conquests for peace.

Instead, they cling to the advantages won by their military victory of 1967, which is a rapidly wasting asset. One insecure frontier has been traded for another and all that the future seems to hold is continuing conflict, as threatening to the outside world as it is to the Arabs and Israelis.

UN Charter

Because the conflict is a threat to the outside world, it cannot be left solely to the humors of the belligerents. I have never fully understood why some of our statesmen feel that it would be a heinous crime for external parties to "impose" a solution. Under the UN Charter, the Security Council has full authority—possibly even the obligation—to impose a settlement upon warring parties who fail to make peace on their own. The very premise of the Charter is that warring nations can no longer be permitted immunity from a world police power.

As far as the United States is concerned, it is worth recalling now and then that the UN Charter is a valid and binding obligation upon us, ratified as a treaty with the advice and consent of the Senate. As to the Arabs and Israelis, they too are signatories to the Charter, and no one can say they have been denied a fair opportunity to settle their differences peacefully and on their own.

They might now be reminded of their commitment under Article 25 of the Charter, which states that "the Members of the United Nations agree to accept and carry out the decisions of the Security Council in accordance with the present Charter."

I think it would be a fine thing—a useful step forward for civilization—if, in the absence of a voluntary settlement by the parties, the United Nations were to "impose" a peaceful settlement in the Middle East. It would be an equally fine thing if the United Nations could "impose" a settlement in Southeast Asia.

Nixon's Foreign Policy And the Nov. 3 Elections

By Murrey Marder

WASHINGTON.—A heavy schedule of major international actions that can have domestic political impact already brackets the Nov. 3 congressional elections. The overlap is partly the result of coincidence, but in good measure it is by design. Every government tends to use the international calendar to reinforce its own political fortunes.

This holds risks as well as opportunities. The Nixon administration is evidently eager for the gamble, in which the odds currently appear to be weighted in its favor:

- The U.S.-Soviet strategic nuclear arms talks (SALT), on which the Nixon administration has placed high expectations, will next resume in Helsinki Nov. 2, the day before American voters go to the polls. The date itself is a domestic political plus.

- The American-sponsored cease-fire in the Arab-Israeli warfare is scheduled to run for a minimum of 90 days—if it can be sustained. That would carry it at least to Nov. 5, two days beyond the U.S. election date.

- By Oct. 15, the administration is scheduled to withdraw 50,000 of the next 12-month slice of 150,000 American troops from South Vietnam. Some sources forecast that the administration really plans to take out 60,000 to 75,000 more troops by the Oct. 15 deadline, instead of 50,000, to demonstrate that it has bettered its own public projection.

- Between now and election day, the new chief of U.S. negotiators in the deadlocked Paris talks on the Vietnamese war, David Bruce, is expected to complete his soundings and report to President Nixon, in time to permit the United States to make what it can describe as a new "peace initiative" in Paris—if it chooses to do so.

- Near the end of October, there is the prospect of a summit assembly of world leaders at the United Nations to help celebrate the organization's 25th anniversary. President Nixon and Soviet Premier Brezhnev are expected to be in attendance, depending on the international outlook as the time approaches.

This list could be readily extended, with the addition of possible further U.S.-Communist Chinese talks in Warsaw and other prospects.

As dissimilar as these events

may appear, they are interrelated comprising the record which the Nixon administration will present to American voters in the fall. President Nixon publicly has stated that during the September-October period he will concentrate on making that record "as good as possible."

To gain domestic political benefits, it is unnecessary for the administration to display success or all these world fronts.

A minus or two can be offset by gains elsewhere—provided the mistakes are not explosive. White House officials themselves already have stated the two key flash-points: The Middle East is the most dangerous area; the Indochina war is the most anguishing problem.

In sheer political terms, if the Arab-Israeli cease-fire, which the United States tried to launch earlier, can be kept in force through Nov. 3, it is likely to produce important political advantages for the administration, apart from the strategic and diplomatic significance.

Efficacy of Hope

Even if the cease-fire collapses the political fallout will depend on how the blame is apportioned. A failure of the cease-fire, under certain circumstances, still could gain the administration domestic credit for launching the effort.

The course of the Indochina war, and the domestic interplay over it, can rebound harder politically, even though less so strategically.

As a consequence, the day-to-day progress of the war in Vietnam, Laos and Cambodia plus results or non-results at the Paris bargaining table, carries high political relevance.

Officially, the Nixon administration's position is that peace negotiating prospects have improved, because the allied drives into Cambodia shifted the balance of power against Hanoi throughout Indochina, and North Vietnam should respond in Paris accordingly with a more compliant bargaining position. If there is any true specialist on the area, who really expects that to happen in the near future, he cannot be found.

But in cold political terms, the administration's international requirements between now and the election Nov. 3, in the Indochina war, as in the Middle East, may be as serviceable by maintaining hopes as by producing fulfillment.

Letters

Women's Rights

Your recent editorial "Equality—Under the Law" (Herald Tribune, Aug. 12) throws serious doubts on the allegedly superior reasoning powers of the masculine animal. Without so much as a second thought the writer takes away with one hand what he is giving with the other. In the first part he questions whether the biological differences between men and women are so profound as to determine social status and with it social equality. In the second part he says it is only just that women attain equal rights. Where is the logic? The writer seems to be for equality under the law, but not for equal status. What other equality, and therefore status, is there?

The editorial further states that the question of equality goes deeply into our social structures, particularly the family unit. Why should it? He does not explain, hinting only at the words "To help your writer along with some straight thinking, he may have noticed that the family is alive and well after more than fifty years of female emancipation. This strongly suggests that in spite of the coming total equality the family will continue to adapt and thrive."

What the editorial most sorely lacks is historical perspective. While our grandmothers were pregnant at most every year during their child-bearing age, bringing perhaps fourteen children to life, of whom maybe five would survive, a lowering of infant mortality, a shift in social values, as well as in more recent years the pill have led to much smaller families. Of course, has freed women to participate in the world outside their families. The amendment simply

recognizes this shift in social structures. The editorial writer surely should know that it is no the law that changes society, it is the law that always belatedly reflects changing needs within society.

To top it all off, the writer adds insult to injury in his outrageous statement that a millennial difference exists in social status between men and women. God help him!

HEILGA SANDERS-BATES.

London.

Exclusive Playgrounds

Re "Boom in Ibiza-Tradition Giving Way to Bulldozers" (Aug. 18).

The world as an international playground is not as attractive a it used to be. Wars, revolution, poverty . . . and the "package tours" . . . It is getting more and more difficult to live elegantly in the "international playgrounds." Ibiza was terribly cynical in their descriptions of the "charter crowd." It is strange that such enlighten and sophisticated people force that the "pale and plump women" . . . and "the men drink beer and reading the Daily Express" helped them to acquire the "international playground" which has allowed the so-called beautiful people to enjoy, for a long time, safe and exclusive playgrounds.

How can you expect any understanding between men if the only solution is "to close your eyes as you go out of the house" and "re treat to a fine with five for walls" . . . ?

CHRISTIANE BACAVE.

Attica, Greece.

Subscription	3 mos	6 mos	12 mos	Subscription	3 mos	6 mos	12 mos
Algeria (air)	16.00	30.00	58.00	Luxembourg (air)	17.50	32.00	57.00
Austria (air)	16.00	30.00	58.00	Morocco (air)	18.00	32.00	58.00
Belgium (air)	17.50	32.00	57.00	Netherlands (air)	17.50	32.00	57.00
Cyprus (air)	22.50	44.00	86.00	Norway (air)	17.50	32.00	57.00
Denmark (air)	17.50	32.00	57.00	Pakistan (air)	17.50	32.00	57.00
France (air)	17.50	32.00	57.00	Portugal (air)	17.50	32.00	57.00
Germany (air)	17.50	32.00	57.00	Saudi Arabia (air)	22.50	44.00	86.00
Greece (air)	17.50	32.00	57.00	South Africa (air)	17.50	32.00	57.00
Ireland (air)	17.50	32.00	57.00	Spain (air)	17.50	32.00	57.00
Italy (air)	17.50	32.00	57.00	Sweden (air)	17.50	32.00	57.00
Japan (air)	17.50	32.00	57.00	Switzerland (air)	17.50	32.00	57.00
Korea (air)	17.50	32.00	57.00	Thailand (air)	17.50	32.00	57.00
Libya (air)	17.50	32.00	57.00	Turkey (air)	17.50	32.00	57.00
Malta (air)	17.50	32.00	57.00	U.A.R. (air)	17.50	32.00	57.00
Mexico (air)	17.50	32.00	57.00	Yemen (air)	17.50	32.00	57.00

I.K. Economic Report parks Pound's Plunge

LONDON, Aug. 24.—The pound plunged 15 points to a month low on the foreign exchange market today in the wake of a possible recession in Britain.

iners' Club iven Credits

By H. Erich Heinemann
NEW YORK, Aug. 24 (NYT).—The Diners' Club, Inc., the big credit company that last week reported a loss of \$29.1 million for the year ended March 31, negotiated a \$150 million revolving credit at an interest rate of one-half percentage point above the prime rate, which is only 8 percent.

The deal was closed three weeks ago and Diners' Club immediately received \$90 million of the credit line, company officials explained. This was simply a replacement of the bank debt.

Eurodollar Debt
The move, it was explained, Diners' Club planned to pay some \$30 million of Eurodollar at the end of the year with the idea of drawings under the new revolving credit.

Officials also explained that the club had been a borrower of the commercial market until the end of last year, about eight months ago, it was their operations had come to "strain" and sales were down.

At that time, total paper outstanding amounted to only about \$10 million, and all but \$400,000 had been repaid.

government does not move quickly to ease credit curbs and reflect the economy. It forecast increased unemployment and possibly another devaluation unless the government gets the economy moving.

The institute suggested that Britons be encouraged to spend more money. Demand could be increased by cutting taxes, easing restrictions on installment buying, and freeing prices on gas, electricity, and in other nationalized industries, the report said.

It said Britain's present bout of inflation probably could not be curbed by governmental restraint measures and a return to statutory wages and price freezes.

An increase in consumer spending, however, would bring the economy nearer to its full potential and help employment without speeding up inflation or harming the balance of payments, it said.

The report noted there had been a marked deterioration in the country's economic prospects during the past three months and, if nothing is done to stimulate the economy, Britain might be forced into another devaluation.

Britain's economy, the institute said, is hit by a dual dilemma: Rising prices, costs of manufacturing and wages need strict curbs to keep prices competitive in foreign markets. But stagnation of industrial production and investment and rising unemployment call for a relaxation of those curbs.

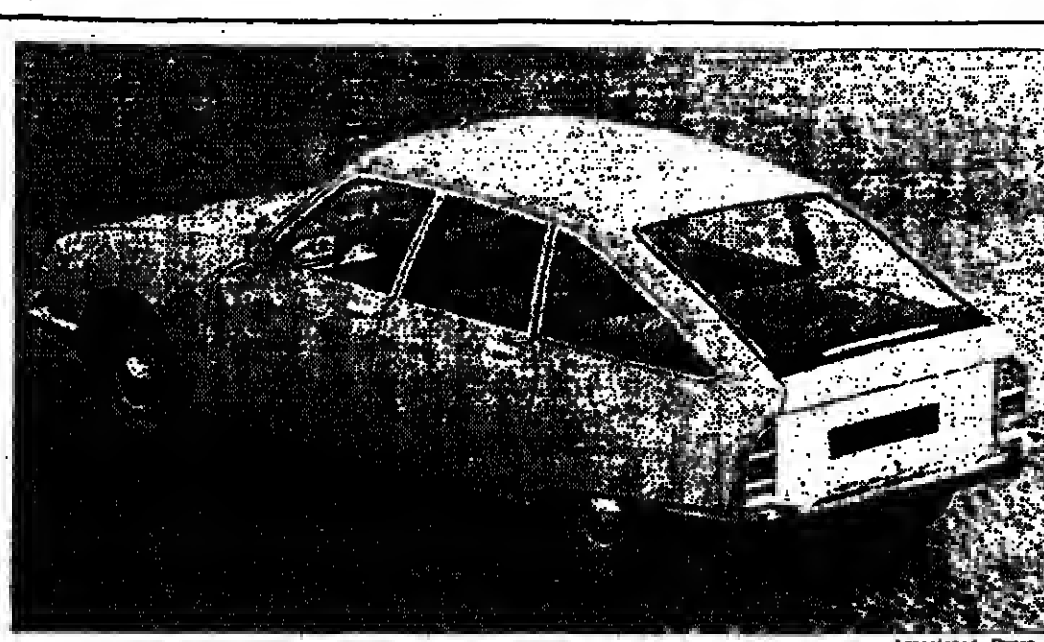
Last week the government reported that unemployment this month hit a 30-year high with 655,943 workers. Jobs—equal to 2.6 percent of the total labor force.

In view of rising prices in Britain's main competitor countries, the institute urged the Conservative government to break the dilemma by stimulating the economy at the risk of undermining the country's foreign trade balance.

At the same time, because of dwindling exports and rising imports it cut back its previous forecast of a 1970 balance-of-payments surplus from \$675 million (\$1.62 billion) to \$475 million.

On the foreign exchange market, the pound closed at \$2.3855/56, down 15 points from Friday's close. Reuters reported.

Share prices on the London Stock Exchange moved up, however, encouraged by the recent show of strength on Wall Street, analysts said. The Financial Times index gained 3.5, closing at 342.5.



NEW CITROEN STAR—Citroën unveiled yesterday its new GS model, designed to fill the gap between its large ID and DS models and the smaller Ami-8. The six-cylinder horsepower GS will come in two versions, the "Comfort" selling for 11,380 francs (about \$2,050) and the 12,200-franc "Club." Both feature front wheel drive, air-cooled engines, hydraulic suspension and a top speed of 93 miles an hour. Citroën, now linked with Italy's Fiat, apparently hopes that the GS line will help it regain its place in the French market, which has fallen in the last few years to 17 from 30 percent, as well as filling out its line for export markets.

Dissenters Found It 'Ill-timed and Provincial'

House Panel Split Sharply Over Trade Bill

By Ronald Sobel

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24 (Reuters).—The pending U.S. trade bill, despite its import quota provisions, "meets the necessity of making a long-run (U.S.) commitment to a liberal trade policy," a majority of the House Ways and Means Committee has concluded.

But in unusually strong dissenting views, seven members of the 25-man panel said the legislation was "a bad bill... restrictive, ill-timed and provincial."

The committee's report on the bill, which it formally approved earlier this month, was released today.

The legislation, the first major trade bill to move through Congress in eight years, is expected to be approved by the House next month. The Senate Finance Committee has not yet fixed a date for hearings.

Textile and shoe import quota provisions are among the bill's most controversial provisions as well as a quota formula that could be used to help any U.S. industry claiming damage from import competition.

The bill also would give the President renewed authority to reduce duties by 20 percent and

to eliminate the American Selling Price system for increasing tariffs on benzoin chemicals.

The majority report said that the committee attempted to mold a bill that would give the President "flexibility to act in the national interest in implementing a trade policy which is responsive both to the productive needs of the U.S. economy and the position of this country in world trade."

Regarding the textile shoe quota provisions, the majority said these measures "were absolutely necessary to achieve the viability of these basic industries."

The report also urged the administration to seek extension of the voluntary steel import agreement among U.S., Common Market and Japanese steel producers.

The pact, negotiated in 1968, is scheduled to terminate next year.

But the panel's sharply critical minority report—signed by five Democrats and two Republicans—called for the trade bill's defeat, asserting its enactment "would be a backward step for America and for the world."

"No evidence was submitted to the committee that fully and effectively demonstrated the need for industry-wide quotas," the minority said.

They particularly criticized the impact of the textile shoe section, supported by the administration, which they said would fall most heavily on smaller countries such as South Korea, Taiwan and Hong Kong. They said they could find no logical support for this decision in light of U.S. economic and military expenditures to these nations.

Under the law, any deposit with a maturity of less than 30 days is considered to be a demand deposit and is subject to the reserve requirements applied to such deposits.

For banks in specified "reserve cities," which includes the vast bulk of banks whose holding companies are selling commercial paper, the reserve requirement against demand deposits is 17.5 percent for deposits in excess of \$5 million; for other banks it is 13 percent, also for deposits over \$5 million.

Fed Telegraphs Notice
Last Wednesday, the Fed sent a telegram to its 12 regional banks asking them to call to the attention of bankers that commercial paper of less than 30 days maturity would be considered to be demand deposits, and subject to the higher reserve requirement.

The best estimate at present is that about one-quarter of the \$7.8 billion in bank commercial paper presently outstanding is in the under-30-day category.

NYSE Figures Cast Doubt On Insurance Fund Efficacy

By Eileen Shanahan

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24 (NYT).—Figures that the New York Stock Exchange itself has provided to Congress are raising serious questions here about the adequacy of the exchange's special trust fund to insure customers of even the brokerage houses that are failing at present against losses.

In private correspondence with members of Congress, exchange officials have disclosed some major commitments and expected commitments of trust fund money that have never been announced publicly. They include:

- A loan of \$5 million to Hayden, Stone, Inc., a member firm in severe financial difficulties.
- An estimate that it will require at least \$10 million and perhaps \$12 million to pay off customers of Blair & Co., Inc., one of the ten member firms officially in the process of liquidation.

In addition, officials here who are familiar with the liquidation proceedings already under way believe that even the exchange's confidential estimates to Congress of outlays for other bankrupt firms may be too low.

Exchange officials, from president Robert W. Haack down, have repeatedly said that the \$65 million that is in the trust fund, or available to it, would be adequate to meet all foreseeable demands.

A compilation of prospective outlays as of July 31, supplied to Congress by the exchange, shows, however, that even then the possibility was foreseen that outlays might slightly exceed \$65 million.

Maximum Outlay
The exchange gave Congress minimum and maximum estimates of trust-fund payments for each of the ten firms formally in liquidation. The estimated maximum, plus the \$14.5 million already disbursed, plus the Hayden, Stone loan, total \$66.72 million.

The minimum estimates totaled \$35.2 million, excluding the Hayden, Stone loan. The loan was made to keep the firm in compliance with the rules concerning available net capital while awaiting receipt of a \$5.5 million tax refund.

In its correspondence with members of Congress, the exchange estimated the cost of paying off customers of Dempsey-Tegeler & Co. at \$9 million to \$15 million, the same figure that it has used publicly. It said that, as of July 31, it had already disbursed \$5 million.

Reports are circulating here, however, that as of now a total of \$15 million has already been paid out in that liquidation. The \$15 mil-

lion "maximum" estimate is thus seen by knowledgeable officials as being much too low.

The exchange's letters state that no trust fund money at all is expected to be needed for the liquidation of Kleiner, Bell & Co. This estimate is questioned by some officials here, partly on the ground that Kleiner, Bell had considerable capital tied up in restricted stock, which might have value at some future date but which cannot legally be sold now.

The question in this case, officials say, is how long customers should be asked to wait to receive their money.

The exchange's compilation also contains no estimate at all for outlays in connection with Charles Plohn & Co. or First Devonshire Corp., both suspended last week from doing any securities business.

By Clare M. Reckert
NEW YORK, Aug. 24 (NYT).—General Electric's computer business, that Honeywell proposes to acquire, last year operated in the black for the first time since GE entered the field early in the 1960s.

The disclosure was made in a proxy statement mailed over the weekend to Honeywell stockholders in preparation for the special Sept. 18 meeting called to get stockholder approval for the combination of GE and Honeywell computer operations.

Net profit of the GE computer components unit in 1969 was \$4.69 million, including an unrealized gain of \$2.9 million resulting from devaluation of the French franc and revaluation of the West German mark.

The proxy statement also showed that the 1968 loss from such operations was \$11.43 million; the 1967 loss \$23.53 million; the 1966 loss \$55.79 million, and the 1965 loss \$39.59 million.

In the first quarter of this year, the GE unit had a loss of \$1.59 million, which was less than half the \$2.79 million deficit in the 1969 initial three months.

In the first six months of 1970, consolidated net loss was \$3.08 million, compared with \$3.6 million in the 1969 period.

Fed Forgot; Reserve Rule Is Explained

17.5% Requirement On Short-Term Paper

NEW YORK, Aug. 24 (NYT).—The Federal Reserve Board, caught with an embarrassing error in the announcement of its decision to require a reserve against commercial paper sold by bank holding companies, is making a special effort to inform bankers that such unsecured notes sold with a maturity of less than 30 days will carry a reserve of up to 17.5 percent, and not the 6 percent implied by the initial statement.

The effect of the requirement will be to force major banks to refund some \$2 billion of under-30-day paper sold by their holding companies, either with long-term obligations or in other, still-unregulated markets, such as federal funds or Eurodollars.

The Fed's original announcement last Monday simply stated that the reserve requirement on funds obtained by member banks through the issuance of commercial paper by their affiliates "without any mention of the maturity of the paper."

Terms Defined
But the technical legal language implementing the action defines bank holding company commercial paper as "deposits" to the extent that the funds so obtained are used by a bank.

Under the law, any deposit with a maturity of less than 30 days is considered to be a demand deposit and is subject to the reserve requirements applied to such deposits.

For banks in specified "reserve cities," which includes the vast bulk of banks whose holding companies are selling commercial paper, the reserve requirement against demand deposits is 17.5 percent for deposits in excess of \$5 million; for other banks it is 13 percent, also for deposits over \$5 million.

Fed Telegraphs Notice
Last Wednesday, the Fed sent a telegram to its 12 regional banks asking them to call to the attention of bankers that commercial paper of less than 30 days maturity would be considered to be demand deposits, and subject to the higher reserve requirement.

The best estimate at present is that about one-quarter of the \$7.8 billion in bank commercial paper presently outstanding is in the under-30-day category.

Nixon, Advisers Meet,
Site Inflation Progress
SAN CLEMENTE, Calif., Aug. 24 (Reuters).—President Nixon and his top economic advisers today noted with satisfaction an easing in price rises and evidence of a resumption of expansion of the U.S. economy.

Mr. Nixon and his advisers, meeting here to review the country's economic situation, agreed that the administration's long battle against inflation now is having a significant impact on consumer prices.

Paul McCracken, chairman of the Council of Economic Advisers, emerged from the meeting and said: "I would not want to suggest that the struggle against inflation is over, but I think it is quite clear that we are now beginning to see some results."

AXE Houghton Funds
A and providing a diversified balanced investment, with emphasis on possible growth and moderate income.

AXE Houghton Fund B
A balanced fund with emphasis on current income and possible long-term capital growth.

AXE Houghton Stock Fund, Inc.
A mutual fund for possible growth of your money from a diversified portfolio.

AXE-Science Corporation
A mutual fund for possible growth of your money, with emphasis on new scientific developments.

AXE SECURITIES CORPORATION
NEW YORK
Address: Bank AG, Zurich
Address: Corner Bank, Lugano
Prospectuses available in Italian, German or English

Stocks Up Sharply In Heavy Turnover

By Vartanig G. Vartan
NEW YORK, Aug. 24 (NYT).—Prices on the New York Stock Exchange boomed today in the second straight session of dramatic gains.

The Dow Jones industrial average, moving upward steadily on heavy volume, closed at 759.58 with an upswing of 14.7 points.

On Friday, in an astonishing burst of strength, the blue-chip indicator rose 15.81, its best advance since mid-June.

"The blues are running," chortled one Wall Street broker in surprise at the behavior of the blue chips.

American Telephone climbed 1 3/4 to 46 7/8. General Motors accelerated by one point to 72 7/8.

New Highs
New 1970 highs were posted by General Electric, Ford and Standard Oil (New Jersey)—each adding a half-point. Du Pont moved up 1 1/2 to 128, its record price for the year.

Volume spurred to 18.91 million shares, equalling its previous peak for 1970. For NYSE member firms, many of which have been losing money on recent low volume, the high turnover was doubly gratifying.

"For a change, I had customers calling me up today," declared a midtown broker.

Glamour stocks, buoyed by short covering and by new buying demand, enjoyed a field day.

IBM soared 13 1/2 to 263 3/4, finishing at its highest price of the year.

Company Reports
Brown Shoe Co.
Third Quarter 1970
Revenue (millions)... 101.7
Profits (millions)... 3.3
Per Share... 0.48

Consolidated Foods
Year 1970
Revenue (millions)... 1,570.2
Profits (millions)... 54.67
Per Share... 2.14

Dayco
Third Quarter 1970
Revenue (millions)... 82.1
Profits (millions)... 1.59
Per Share... 0.50

Libby, McNeill & Libby
Year 1970
Revenue (millions)... 350.69
Profits (millions)... -7.71
Per Share... -1.33

REISS & CO. BANKERS
Zurich
Tel.: 051 253 22 22, Rothenturmstrasse 22.
Securities-Euro-deposits - Money Exchange

ELLIS AG ZUERICH
Weinplatz 6
Phone: 27 41 47-Telefax: 53 641
BROKERS FOR:
Stocks - Eurobonds - Eurodeposits

When in Washington, D.C.
"Our 24th year"
MEET ME AT
BLACKIE'S House of Ref.

90% NO RISK NO TAXES ANY CURRENCY
Name: _____
Address: _____
Confederate Investment Holdings Limited
Liverpool House
Eldon St. London E.C.2
England

H. STERN JEWELLERS EVERYWHERE
If you did not plan to visit Brazil - the world's treasure chest of gems and jewels - this year, H. Stern offers you quite a selection of magnificent gems and jewels right here. The same top grade quality, value, service and guarantee as offered at main offices in Rio de Janeiro and São Paulo.

Lisbon: Hotel Ritz, Dom Pedro Airport, Hotel Júpiter, Hotel Alvor, Hilton Hotel, Lyda Airport, Jerusalem.
Paris: Hotel Intercontinental, 3, Rue de Castiglione, Frankfurt, Intercontinental Düsseldorf, Intercontinental and Hilton, Mainz, Hilton Hotel.

New York Office and Show Rooms: 681 Fifth Avenue
Also in Miami Beach, St. Thomas (V.I.) and in 9 South American Countries.
South America's Leading Jewellers.

Where in the World can you find a higher yield with less risk than in MODERN MEXICO?

Mexico - one of the fastest growing nations* in the world with a GNP increase last year of 6.4%. Prices rose only 3.5%.

Mexican Peso - one of the world's strongest international currencies. No change in its government official value of 12.50 per U.S. dollar since 1954.

Consider - Modern Mexico has a balanced budget, favorable trade balance, adequate gold and foreign currency reserves PLUS the benefits of a true investor's market.

Consider - Mexican investments are backed by the prestige and strength of a banking system in which there has been no default to the public for over 40 years.

* Excerpt from a 1968 U.S. Commerce Department study of Mexico: "Mexico has enjoyed one of the highest rates of economic growth in the world in recent years."

EARN 12% AFTER MEXICAN TAXES! BANK TIME DEPOSITS, or loans to Mexico's Industrial Development Banks, offer 11.25% (interest payable monthly) on 2-year terms... up to 12% on a 5-year term. Ideal for person no longer earning independent income. Minimum investment: \$4,000 U.S. Dollars.

EARN 9% AFTER MEXICAN TAXES! DEMAND DEPOSITS, pay interest quarterly and lend liquidity to any portfolio. Each Demand Deposit represents a priority claim upon the resources of an Industrial Development Bank. Minimum investment: \$2,000 U.S.

Just Remember LLOYD'S OF MEXICO!

Call upon us for more detailed information about investment in Modern Mexico. Counseling, estate planning, brokerage, custody and/or administration of your holdings in Mexico available upon request. We welcome your specific inquiries...we are at your service!

It does business to make your money grow in Mexico!

KOMMERZBANK AG
Department 61 Ho
Kommersialbank AG
Limmattal 2 8001 Zurich
Switzerland

Please send me details of your banking services.

Name _____
Address _____
Country _____

Our nearest branch is in Zurich

but it's our personal touch that's appreciated

How do we develop a close relationship with a client who is 10,000 miles away? Distance does not affect the understanding of people and their money that is our special talent in Switzerland. So come a little closer to Zurich by filling in the coupon below and learn more about our way of banking.

KOMMERZBANK AG

FRENCH PORTFOLIO MANAGER
Directing \$150,000/200,000 yearly brokerage to Wall Street would be interested by partnership with the foreign branch of an American broker in Paris, Brussels or Geneva - Write Herald Tribune Box D 2021

New York Stock Exchange Trading

[illegible]

American Stock Exchange Trading

[illegible]

[illegible]

All of these securities have been sold. This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

August 25, 1970

9% Sinking Fund Debentures due August 15, 1995

Dillon, Read & Co. Inc.	The First Boston Corporation	Kuhn, Loeb & Co.
Blyth & Co., Inc.	Drexel Harriman Ripley	duPont Glore Forgan
Goldman, Sachs & Co.	<small>Incorporated</small>	Eastman Dillon, Union Securities & Co.
Lazard Frères & Co.	Halsey, Stuart & Co. Inc.	<small>Incorporated</small>
Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith	Lehman Brothers	Hornblower & Weeks-Hemphill, Noyes
<small>Incorporated</small>	Loeb, Rhoades & Co.	
Smith, Barney & Co.	Paine, Webber, Jackson & Curtis	Salomon Brothers
<small>Incorporated</small>	Stone & Webster Securities Corporation	Wertheim & Co.
White, Weld & Co.	Dean Witter & Co.	Paribas Corporation
Bear, Stearns & Co.	<small>Incorporated</small>	
A. G. Becker & Co.	Clark, Dodge & Co.	Dominick & Dominick
<small>Incorporated</small>	<small>Incorporated</small>	<small>Incorporated</small>
Equitable Securities, Morton & Co.	Goodbody & Co.	Hayden Stone
<small>Incorporated</small>	Hallgarten & Co.	<small>Incorporated</small>
E. F. Hutton & Company Inc.	W. E. Hutton & Co.	Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co.
F. S. Moseley & Co.	R. W. Pressprich & Co.	Reynolds & Co.
Shearson, Hammill & Co.	<small>Incorporated</small>	L. F. Rothschild & Co.
<small>Incorporated</small>	Shields & Company	Spencer Trask & Co.
Tucker, Anthony & R. L. Day	<small>Incorporated</small>	<small>Incorporated</small>
G. H. Walker & Co.	Wood, Struthers & Winthrop Inc.	

Deutsche Girozentrale
-Deutsche Kommunalbank-

“ROOSEVELT

Top flight management - top flight properties - growth record
April - August 1970 over 13% - The No.1 Growth Fund

THE ROOSEVELT FUND the name you can trust for growth

will tell you
how to profit
from U.S. Real
Estate **now”**

For confidential information on the Roosevelt
Properties Fund International S.A., write to:
Dept: H.T. 1, R.P.F. Services, Limited,
25 North Row, London W.1, England.

Name

Address

Phone

Valid only where legal

Heritage Eliminated After Loss to Valiant

Gretel Beats France; Takes 2-0 Cup Lead

NEWPORT, R.I., Aug. 24 (UPI)—Gretel II of Australia came from behind in a close-sew battle with France today to gain its second straight victory in the best-of-seven series to name a challenger for the America's Cup.

Gretel II, owned by Sir Frank Packer and skippered by 67-year-old Jim Hardy, led at the first mark by 1:14, lost that lead as France's new skipper, Pierre Delfour, outduelled Hardy and led at the next two marks by eight and 17 seconds. But then the race with an excellent fourth leg to windward which gave Gretel II a 1:04 lead. The final margin was 1:32.

On a nearby course in Rhode Island Sound, Intrepid today eliminated Heritage from the U.S. final trials with a 7:29 victory.

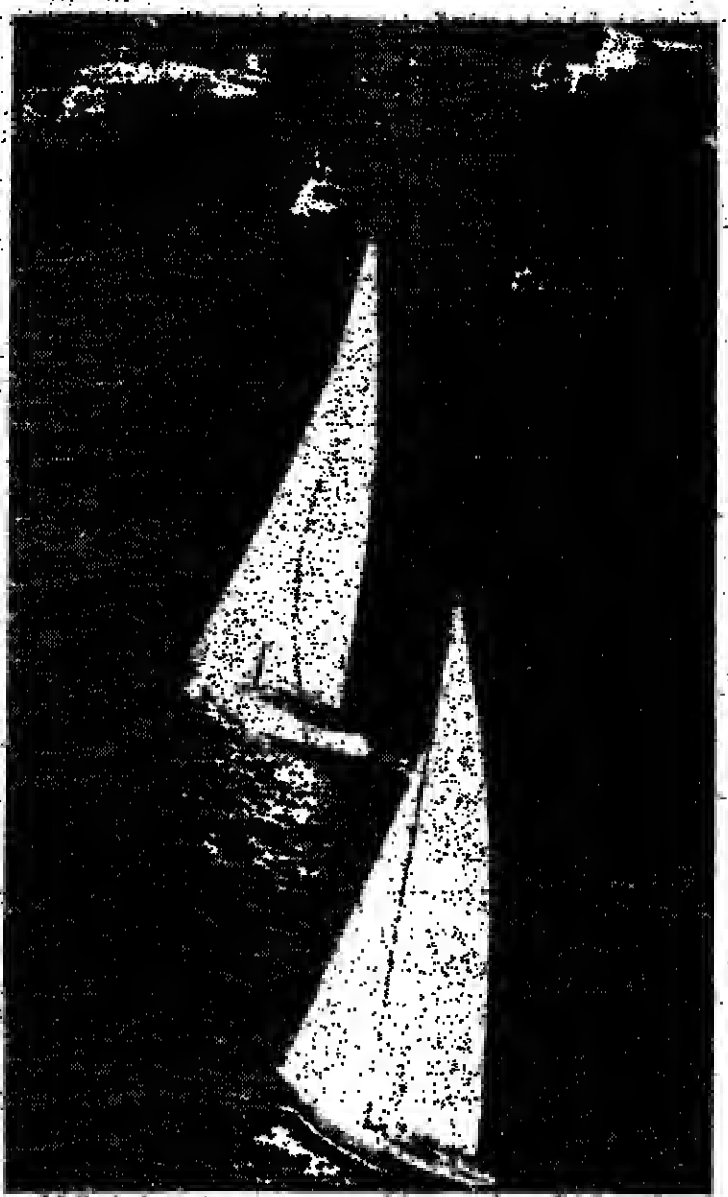
It was the fourth victory in five races for Bill Ficker's Intrepid, and the fourth loss in five trials for Heritage Morgan, who built and skippered Heritage. Now Intrepid will fight it out with Valiant, skippered by Bill McCullough, for the right to defend the Cup starting Sept. 15 against the France-Gretel II winner. Valiant also has won four of five and did not race today.

Start of the Gretel II-France race was delayed almost two hours by lack of wind, but then began in satisfactory eight-knot west-southwest breeze. Gretel II crossed the starting line first by three seconds, and built that to a 1:14 lead at the first mark of the six-leg, 24.5 mile race.

Delfour, who replaced 67-year-old Louis Novraz of Switzerland as France's skipper after Gretel beat France Friday on a tactical error by Novraz, found better winds and slipped into the lead for the next two legs.

But Gretel won a tacking duel to regain the lead by several hundred yards, or 1:04, at the fourth mark and 53 seconds at the fifth, then built that up on the final leg.

Both skippers had said they would seek for a lay day (no race) for tomorrow. The third



SETTING SAIL—Gretel II, left, gets quick start on the way to defeating France in America's Cup race yesterday.

race in the series was scheduled Wednesday. Intrepid and Valiant are scheduled to sail against each other tomorrow in their head-to-head battle for the designation as defender.

Intrepid beat Dame Patte of Australia in the 1967 Cup series in four straight and has undergone some change of design. Valiant is a new 12-meter yacht built for this year's races, as was Heritage. Weatherly, the

1969 Cup winner against Gretel II, started in the final U.S. trials this year but was eliminated after losing to each of the others.

The official times for the second race of the Australia-France sailoff Monday:

First mark—Australia led France by one minute, 14 seconds.

Second—France led Australia by eight seconds.

Third—France led Australia by 17 seconds.

Fourth—Australia led France by one minute, four seconds.

Fifth—Australia led France by 53 seconds.

At the finish Australia led France by one minute, 32 seconds.

Most observers, including the Aussies, thought 67-year-old Louis Novraz and his No. 1 crew had sailed France magnificently in Friday's 4.5-mile opener. They noted that it had been a marathon battle in light, fluky air. That France had led at all five turning marks, and that a weird loss of breeze had cost the French 12-meter head on the final leg and sent her to a six and one-half minute defeat.

"We lucked into the victory," one of the Aussie crewmen said yesterday. "We thought those guys on France were tremendous. We're glad we don't have to race them again tomorrow."

Bruno Bich, spokesman for the French syndicate headed by his father, Baron Marcel Bich, defended the switch in crews as entirely logical.

"Frenchmen are very individualistic," the younger Bich said. "You cannot just move them from one crew to another. Crew No. 1 has worked well with Novraz. Crew No. 2 has worked well with Poppo Delfour. A 34-year-old 605-class champion, resigned from the French team two weeks ago in what Bich called a 'disagreement over how to prepare.' Saturday morning, Baron Bich called the alternate skipper at his hotel here.

"We asked him to come back," Bruno Bich said. "He told us he would do it. He told us, 'I race for you on Monday.'"



John Kinsella relaxes after setting world record in 1,500-meter freestyle.

Freestyle Record Set By Kinsella in AAU

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 24 (UPI)—John Kinsella, 17, became the first swimmer to break the 16-minute mark in the 1,500-meter freestyle in the 1968 Olympics, bettered his own world record in the 200 individual medal in 2:09.48. His mark had been 2:09.5.

Hall had bettered his own world record in the men's 400 individual medley Friday night and set a world standard in the 200 butterfly Saturday night.

Mark Spitz, who broke the world record in the 100-meter freestyle preliminary heat earlier yesterday, was upset in the final by Frank Hecker in 52.48. Spitz had broken Australian Michael Wenden's two-year-old mark of 52.20 with a clocking of 51.04.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

16 minutes as he was clocked in 15:57.34.

Hall, a 19-year-old Indiana University sophomore who won a silver medal at the 1968 Olympics, bettered his own world record in the 200 individual medal in 2:09.48. His mark had been 2:09.5.

Hall had bettered his own world record in the men's 400 individual medley Friday night and set a world standard in the 200 butterfly Saturday night.

Mark Spitz, who broke the world record in the 100-meter freestyle preliminary heat earlier yesterday, was upset in the final by Frank Hecker in 52.48. Spitz had broken Australian Michael Wenden's two-year-old mark of 52.20 with a clocking of 51.04.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:26.43, well off her standard of 17:19.50. Ann Simmons was second at 17:39.06.

World record holder Debbie Meyer, 16, won the women's 1,500-meter freestyle easily in 17:

